Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta. *Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi.*

VOL. XXXV NO. 181 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 31, 1947 Price: 2 Annas

Available From Ready Stock

VITA Safety Razors (Metal & Bakelite).
—Do— Safety Razor Blades.
—Do— Tooth Paste.
—Do— Tooth Brushes.
—Do— Prophylactics.

And Zipp fasteners, Steel Nibs, Cycle Clips and other American & English Consumer Goods.

At

NEW YORK TRADING CO.

Prospect Chambers Annexe,
Hornby Road Bombay 1.

ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ASIATIC SOCIETY

BRITAIN STRIKES AT HOLLAND

No Medical Supplies To Dutch Forces

MEDIATION OFFER STILL OPEN, SAYS BEVIN

Indo-Australian Move In Security Council

LONDON, July 30, Reuter: India and Australia have both referred the Dutch Indonesian Conflict, ten days after the start of the Java fighting to the United Nations Security Council, while the British Government has suspended all military supplies and facilities to the Netherlands' authorities in the Far East.

BEVIN'S ANNOUNCEMENT

Announcing the latest British decision in the House of Commons tonight the Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, said the suspension applied to military supplies and facilities from Singapore and British territories in the Far East, including training facilities.

"No supplies of war material intended for the Netherlands East Indies will be permitted from this country," he added.

NO REQUEST FROM HOLLAND

Mr. Bevin said there had been no request from Holland for British Mediation in Idonesia. He made it clear that the British offer of mediation remained open.

Answering criticism why it was left to India and Australia to refer the matter to the United Nations Mr. Bevin said, India and Australia had every right to do so but it was difficult for him to mediate and refer the matter to the United Nations at the same time.

AUSTRALIAN GOVT.'S DECISION

Australia's Prime Minister, Mr. Joseph Chiefley, said in Canberra today that his Government's decision involved for the first time Article 39 of the United Nations Charter dealing with acts of aggression and the restoration of international peace.

"It is the Government's hope that not only will hostilities case, but the Council will have proved its worth in dealing quickly and effectively with a situation of this kind," Mr. Chiefley said.

SURPRISE FOR DUTCH

A Dutch Foreign Office spokesman at the Hague expressed regret and surprise at the Australian decision.

By referring the question under Chapter 7 (Article 39) of the Charter—which deals with unlawful action of one state against another—"the Australian Government holds the inaccurate view that the Republic is a Sovereign State," the spokesman said.

News From War Front

DUTCH ADVANCE IN SUMATRA

In Batavia, the Dutch claimed a 38-mile advance south of Medan, the

(Continued On Page 5)

Nehru's Letter To Security Council Chief

LAKE SUCCESS, (New York), July 30 (Reuter): The text of Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's letter to the President of the United Nations Security Council, reads:

" I have the honour, on behalf of the Government of India, to draw the attention of the Security Council, under Article 35, Paragraph 1, of the United Nations Charter, to the Situation in Indonesia. During the last few days Dutch forces have embarked without warning on a large-scale military action against the Indonesian people. These attacks began without warning at a time when a delegation of the Indonesian Republican Government was actually at Batavia for negotiation with the Dutch authorities on the implementation of the Linggadjati Agreement.

In the opinion of the maintenance of international peace and security, which is covered by Article 34 of the Charter.

"The Government of India, therefore, requests the Security Council to take the necessary measures provided by the Charter, to put an end to the present situation.

"The Government earnestly hope that, in view of its urgency, the Council will consider this matter as soon as possible."

NABHA URGED TO JOIN UNION

NEW DELHI, July 30. (A.P.I): A deputation representing the Nabha State Praja Mandal waited on the Maharaja of Nabha today. The deputationists urged the accession of the State to the Indian Union, restoration of civil liberties and immediate grant of full responsible Government.

Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru revealed at a Press Conference in New Delhi on Monday that the Government of India had decided to terminate Dutch Air Services in India and to make a formal approach to UNO regarding the war in Indonesia

Jinnah's Assurance To Pathans And Tribal Areas

Plea To Join Hands With Pakistan In Setting Up Truly Democratic Islamic State

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API).—Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Governor-General-designate of Pakistan in a statement appeals "to all the different elements in the Frontier Province and in the Tribal Areas to forget past disputes and differences and join hands with the Government of Pakistan in setting up a truly democratic Islamic State." He assures the tribesmen that Pakistan would like to continue all treaties, agreements and allowances until new arrangements are negotiated.

Mr. Jinnah said: "The result of the referendum in the North-West Frontier Province has shown that an absolute majority of the Pathans is desirous of joining the Pakistan Dominion. The result, which was never in doubt, has been received with considerable satisfaction by the Muslim nation. Now that all the referenda are over we can start the building of the Pakistan Dominion.

ASSURANCE TO PATHANS

"So far as the Pathans in the Frontier Province are concerned, I have no doubt that they will enjoy in Pakistan the fullest freedom to develop their social, cultural and political institutions. They will have the same self-government as any other part or Province of Pakistan.

"As regards the tribal areas, I am very happy to acknowledge the great support they have freely given to their fellow Muslims in their demand for their own independent State. I wish to assure them on behalf of the Provisional Government of Pakistan that we would like to continue after the 15th of August all the treaties, agreements and allowances until such time as the representatives of the tribes and of the Pakistan Government have met and negotiated new arrangements. The Government of Pakistan have no desire whatsoever to interfere in any way with the traditional independence of the tribal areas. On the contrary we feel that as a Muslim State we can always count on active support and sympathy of the tribes.

RELATIONS WITH AFGHANISTAN

"We have every intention and desire to have most friendly relations with the Government of Afghanistan, our immediate neighbour, and other Muslim countries were before long we hope to have our own diplomatic and commercial representatives.

"In the end I would appeal to all the different elements in the Frontier Province and in the Tribal Areas to forge past disputes and differences and join hands with the Government of Pakistan in setting up a truly democratic Islamic State.

LEAGUE WON'T COERCE ANY STATE

Jinnah's Statement

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API): In another statement issued today, Mr. Jinnah reiterates that the Muslim League has no intention of coercing any State into adopting any particular course of action.

"I have been asked from certain quarters to indicate what the attitude of the new Pakistan Government is likely to be in respect of the Indian States on the lapse of Paramountcy", says Mr. Jinnah.

"I thought I had already made the position perfectly clear. The legal position is that with the lapse of Paramountcy on the transfer of power by the British All Indian States would automatically regain their full sovereign and independent status. They are, therefore, free to join either of the two Dominions or to remain independent.

"The Muslim League recognizes the right of each State to choose its destiny. It has no intention of coercing any State into adopting any particular course of action.

"Should a State desire to join the Pakistan Dominion or enter into any understanding or a treaty, the Negotiating Committee of the Pakistan Constituent Assembly when set up or the representatives of the Government of Pakistan as the case may be, will be glad to negotiate the terms on which such association can be brought about. While it is desirable to conclude such negotiations quickly no definite time-limit can obviously be placed on their completion as this will, in my opinion, amount to interference with the States' freedom of choice.

"Meanwhile there is already a provision for standstill agreement to fill up any void that may arise in the administrative field. This standstill agreement would take care of the immediate problems that may result from the lapse of Paramountcy."

INDEPENDENCE DAY PROGRAMME IN NEW DELHI

NEW DELHI, July 30
(From Our Correspondent)

Details are now available of Independence Day celebrations in Delhi.

Swearing in ceremony has been fixed for 9-30. It will be held in the Durbar Hall of the Viceroy's House. Lord Louis Mountbatten will address the Constituent Assembly at 11-30 and is expected to bring message from the King to the House. This will be the Transfer of Power ceremony.

Premier Nehru will reply to the GovernorvGeneral.

At the conclusion of Pt. Nehru's address, guns will be fired from Delhi Fort and India's National Flag shall be hoisted on all Government Buildings including the Viceroy's House. Flag salutation shall take place at 8-15 followed by a March Past of the troops.

The day will end with fireworks which will begin from 7-45.

Governor-General will give a state banquet followed by a reception at 10.

One lakh Independence medals and sweets will be distributed to school children. There will be fireworks on August 16 also.

NEW INDIAN CABINET

(From Our Correspondent)
NEW DELHI, July 30.

The following allocation of portfolios, I learn, has been made in the Dominion Cabinet. Pt. Nehru, Foreign Affairs, Sardar Patel, Home and Indian States and Information and Broadcasting, Sardar Baldev Singh, Defence, Sir Shanmukham Chetty, Finance, Mr. Bhabha, Commerce, Shama Prosad Mukherjee, Industries and Supplies, Mr. Gadgil, Works, Power and Mines, Dr. John Mathai, Transport, Mr. Rafi Kidwai, Communications, Rajen Babu, Food and Agriculture, Moulana Azad, Education, Rajkumari Amritkaur, Health, Doctor Ambedkar Law, Jagjiwan Ram, Labour. Announcement is expected by the end of the week.

TRAVANCORE CONGRESS PRESIDENT & OTHERS RELEASED

TRIVANDRUM, July 30 (API): A Press Note says: Mr. Pattom Thanu Pillai, President of the Travancore State Congress and all others who were arrested in connection with the Direct Action campaign announced by the State Congress have been ordered to be released today.

The Associated Press of India learns that persons released include the President and members of the State Congress Working Committee totalling about 41.

THREE INDIAN BRIGADIERS BECOME MAJOR-GENERALS

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API): It is announced from Armed Forces Headquarters that three Indian Brigades are being promoted Major-Generals.

They are::—

Brigadier K. M. Cariappa, Brigadier Muhammad Akbar Khan, Brigadier Maharaj Shri Rajendrasinhji.

Brigadier Cariappa is to be the new Deputy-Chief of the General Staff of the Army of India which comes into being on the 15th of August next.

Brig. Mohd. Akbar, who is commanding the Meerut Sub-Area, has been selected to command the Sind Area.

Brigadier Maharaj Shri Rajendrasinghji has been selected for the command of the Delhi Area in the new Dominion of India.

COMMAND OF ARMED FORCES

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API): The following officers have been selected by the Provisional Governments of India and Pakistan respectively to command their armed forces, with effect from August 15, 1947, says a Communique issued from Viceroy's House.

NAVAL FORCES: (1) Captain J. T. S. Hall, R.I.N., to command the Naval Forces of India, in the rank of Rear Admiral. (2) Commodore J. W. Jefford, R.I.N., to command the Naval Forces of Pakistan, in the rank of Rear Admiral.

LAND FORCES: (1) Lt.-General Sir Rob Lockhart, to command the Land Forces of India, in the rank of General (2) Lt.-General Sir Frank Messervy, to command the Land Forces of Pakistan in the rank of General.

AIR FORCES: (1) Air Marshal Sir Thomas Elmhirst, to command the Air Forces of India, and to continue in the rank of Air Marshal. (2) Air Vice Marshal A. L. A. Pery Keene, to command the Air Forces of Pakistan, and to continue in the rank of Air Vice-Marshal.

TRAINING SCHOOL IN KEAMARI FOR PAKISTAN NAVY

KARACHI, July 30 (API): Pakistan Navy will undertake the construction of a training school in Keamari for gunnery, radar, torpedo, communications and navigation, it is learnt in naval circles today.

Transfer of ratings between Pakistan and Indian Union has already commenced at the rate of 100 personnel during the week.

Certain units of the Pakistan Navy which are now being refitted in Bombay will carry the Pakistan ratings to Karachi shortly.

Until the construction of the training school is in hand indepenrdent arrangements would be made by the Karachi Port Trust to provide dry docks and workshop facilities for the Pakistan Navy in Karachi.

Vice-Admiral Sir Geoffrey Miles, Commander-in-Chief of the Royal Indian Navy in India, is expected to arrive in Karachi next week to acquaint himself with the conditions of the Pakistan Navy. He will stay in Karachi for two days.

WEST PUNJAB LEAGUE LEADER'S ELECTION

LAHORE, July 30. (A.P.I.): Khan Iftikhar Hussain Khan of Mamdot and Malik Feroz Khan Noon are the only contesting candidates for the leadership of the West Punjab Muslim League Assembly Party. The election will take place at a meeting of the party to be held on August 5 at Lahore under the chairmanship of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar.

Hyderabad To Accede To Indian Dominion?

Will Hand-Over Defence, External Affairs And Communications "Subject To Certain Conditions"

HYDERABAD (Dn.), July 30, (A.P.I.): Hyderabad is prepared to work in accordance with the Draft Instrument of Accession circulated by the Viceroy to Indian states before the conference of July 25, it is learnt in the informed political circles here.

Indications are that Hyderabad will accede to the Indian Dominion and agree to hand over Defence, External Affairs, and Communications for the Indian Union subject to certain conditions.

NO OFFICIAL CONFIRMATION

While no official confirmation is available of these latest developments, it is stated that Nawab of Chhatari, Prime Minister and leader of Hyderabad delegation to the Conference of Princes and States representatives with the Viceroy on July 25 returned to Delhi yesterday for further negotiations on the lines indicated above. He came here on a hurried visit for consultations with the Nizam on the issues raised by the Viceroy in his speech and those outlined in the draft Instrument of Accession.

IN WAKE OF TRAVANCORE

Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam's Government who came here earlier also left for Delhi after consultations with the Nizam while other members of Hyderabad delegation are staying on in Delhi, two of whom are reported to have expressed dissent to further negotiations in accordance with the draft Instrument of Accession. On the lines similar to the reported decision of Travancore, the Hyderabad Government, it is understood, will accede to Indian Dominion, "subject to certain conditions in respect of Defence, Foreign Affairs, and Communications". These stipulations it is understood have been conveyed to the Viceroy by the Nawab of Chhatari, who left for Delhi yesterday. It is not known, however, if these stipulations have any bearing on the question of retrocession of Berar.

The Nizam's Government, it is recalled, has repudiated Press reports that they "renounced claims over Berar in exchange for port of Masulipatam".

TRAVANCORE'S TERMS

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API): Travancore State has intimated to the Government of India its willingness

(Continued On Page 5)

Kidnapped Br. Sergeants Executed

JERUSALEM, July 30 (U.P.A.): An Irgun Zvai Leumi 'communique' announced that the two British sergeants kidnapped by the Irgunists have been executed.

Official sources remained silent on a report that the sergeants were found hanged in the Sharon forest on the coastal plains. The sergeants' Commanding Officer refused to believe his men were hanged. He said, "We had announcements like this by the dozens in the last few days and they were all hoaxes." When told about the Irgun 'communique', the officer replied, "It will be very bad if true."

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON (October)
NEW YORK, July 30

Previous closing	33.65
Today's opening	33.52
Difference	—13
Today's closing	33.70
Difference	+5

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
NEW YORK, July 30.

Stock exchange opening prices Anaconda copper mining 36-3/4, General motors 58-7/8, United States steel common 73, United States steel preference unquoted.—Reuter.

LATEST QUOTATIONS
BOMBAY, July 30.

Cotton Silver	436	0
Silver Shravan	175	8
Gold Forward	109	0
Silver Tukda 2nd Shravan	173	12
Sovereign	72	12

NEW YORK
Rs. 2,954 • Flying Time 40 Hours.
SAN FRANCISCO
Rs. 3,156 • Flying Time 55 Hours.
LONDON
Rs. 1,874 • Flying Time 23 Hours.
HONOLULU
Rs. 2,708 • Flying Time 42 Hours.
ISTANBUL
Rs. 1,346 • Flying Time 14 Hours.
MANILLA
Rs. 744 • Flying Time 11 Hours.
BANGKOK
Rs. 402 • Flying Time 5 Hours.

NOW 3 CLIPPER SERVICES A WEEK from India to the U.S.A!

You can now fly from India to the United States by any of these Pan American services:

Tuesdays, CALCUTTA to NEW YORK via Karachi, Istanbul, London, Shannon
Saturdays, KARACHI to NEW YORK via Istanbul, London and Shannon
Tuesdays, CALCUTTA to CALIFORNIA via Bangkok, Manilla, Guam and Honolulu

When you go by Clipper, your travel is swift, comfortable and *safe*: Pan American received recently the Inter-American Safety Award for flying throughout 1946 without a single flight accident to either passengers or crew.

For complete information on both Eastbound and Westbound flights, call your Travel Agent or Pan American World Airways at Victoria House, Calcutta (Tel. Cal. 1318) or at Finlay House, McLeod Road, Karachi (Tel. 2297).

WORLD'S MOST EXPERIENCED AIRLINE

PAN AMERICAN WORLD AIRWAYS

The System of the Flying Clippers

STATES CARRY DAY IN CONSEMBLY

Discussion On Distribution Of Legislative Powers Between Federation & Units Postponed

NEW DELHI, July 30, (A.P.I.): At the request of representatives of Indian States, the Constituent Assembly to-day postponed discussion of part five of the report on the Principles of the Union Constitution till after the report of the Union Powers Committee has been considered. This part relates to distribution of Legislative powers between the Federation and the Units.

The House also postponed discussion of the first two important Clauses in Part Seven, concerning Finance and Borrowing Powers. Moving postponement, Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar said that the framers of these clauses desired to set up an Expert Committee whose report should be available before the next session.

The House passed Part 6 (Administrative Relations between the Federation and the units) with an amendment moved by Rai Saheb Ragho Raj Singh, providing that whenever any duty is performed by a unit on behalf of the Federation. The cost of carrying out those duties should be paid to the Unit.

The amendment reads:

"Where by virtue of Clause (1) powers and duties have been conferred or imposed upon a Province or Federated State or officers or authorities thereof, there shall be paid by the Federation to the Province or State such sum as may be agreed, or, in default of agreement, as may be determined by an arbitrator appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court in respect of any extra costs of administration incurred by the Province or State in connection with the exercise of those powers and duties."

Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar explained that it was the desire of the framers of the Clause to include this provision in the final draft but as it had been moved now, he accepted it.

Another amendment moved by Rai Bahadur Lala Raj Kanwar was withdrawn after Sir Gopalaswamy Ayyangar had assured him that whenever there was a proposal to devolve functions either on Provincial or State Governments there was bound to be previous consultation between the Centre and the Unit concerned.

AMENDMENT POSTPONED

On Mr. Munshi's suggestion, Mr. Guruv Reddy postponed till the Union Powers Committee's report is discussed, his amendment seeking to make it competent for an acceding state with the previous sanction of the Federal Government to undertake, by an agreement made in that behalf, any Legislative, Executive or Judicial functions vested in a Province, Chief Commissioner's Province or other acceding State.

SUBVENTIONS

The House passed Clause Three of Part Seven, giving the Federal Government to make subventions or grants out of Federal revenues for any purpose, notwithstanding that the purpose is not one with respect to which the Federal Government may make laws.

Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar accepted on principle Mr. T. T. Krishnamachari's suggestion that an Inter-State Commission shall be constituted for regulating inter-unit trade, commerce etc. with such powers of adjudication and administration as might be necessary. But he reserved the right to make such changes as became necessary in the final draft.

Mr. K. Santhanam and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa supported Mr. Krishnamacnari, the latter suggesting that the scope of the provision should be widened to include economic matters also.

CHIEF COMMISSIONERS' PROVINCES

On a motion by Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta, the Assembly decided to set up a sub-committee of seven persons to be nominated by the President to recommend what constitutional and other changes were necessary in respect of the Administrative system of the centrally-administered Chief Commissioners' Provinces and meanwhile postponed consideration of the relevant clause in the report. The Sub-Committee is to report by September 30, 1947.

A number of Members from centrally-administered Areas participated in the debate. Mr. Deshbandhu Gupta urged the question of Chief Commissioners' Provinces should not be ignored or delayed. He was sure the House did not want these areas to continue to be administered as in the past. The new Constitution should contain definite provisions to replace the present system of administration by a democratic one. These areas had played their part nobly in the fight for freedom and they rightly deserved to be self-governing.

Mr. R. K. Sidhwa, stating that the Chief Commissioner's Province had suffered from neglect, instanced the case of Delhi, the capital city where the bus transport service was so inadequate and inefficient.

Mr. Ponacha from Coorg urged that in the Committee to be set up representatives from Chief Commissioners' Provinces should be included.

Mr. Mukund Beharilal Bhargava (Ajmer-Merwara) said the Sub-Committee should go into all aspects of the question, including the right of the people in these areas to self-government. No decision should be taken by the Committee without hearing the representatives from these areas. He was sure the Committee would recommend a constitution thoroughly democratic for these areas.

Mr. B. Das spoke of the tyrannical rule prevalent in Chief Commissioners' Provinces. Mr. Thakurdas Bhargava expressed sympathy for the aspirations of the people in these areas and urged that the House should not lose sight of the strong movement for the formation of a bigger province of Delhi including certain portions presently in East Punjab.

Nagas' Independence Claim

Mr. Jaipal Singh recalled that two Committees of the Assembly were already working on the question of tribal people from Excluded and Partially Excluded Areas said that representatives from these Committees should also be included in the new Committee proposed. For, in some of the Centrally-Administered Areas, the problem was really the problem of the Tribal people.

The Assembly then passed the clause seeking to make appropriate provisions in the Constitution for the administration of Tribal Areas. These 'appropriate' provisions would come up for discussion after the Tribal Areas Sub-Committee had finished its labours.

Mr. Jaipal Singh who initiated a one-man debate on the clause said he would like to make some observations to obviate a situation that might become very serious and dangerous before long in the Naga Hills of Assam. Recently some very unhappy developments had taken place in the Naga Hills, reports of which had appeared in the press. He understood that Members of the Interim Government and the President of the Constituent Assembly himself had been telegraphically advised of the intention of the Nagas to declare independence on August 15. He himself had been receiving a number of telegrams, each one going a step further than the previous one. The position was that the Nagas had been misguided by certain persons into thinking that with the withdrawal of British authority, the hill country would be theirs.

They had been guided into believing that their position was the same as that of the Indian States where the so-called Paramountcy would lapse back to the States and therefore could do exactly what they liked. "The Naga Hills have always been part of India and have never been anything like the Indian States; but the Nagas have been led to believing that they are not part of India and that as soon as the Dominion of India comes into being, the Naga Hills could be exclusively the property of the State of Nagas".

Mr. Jaipal Singh recalled the recent visit of some of the Naga leaders to Delhi where they met some members of the Interim Government. 'Those of us who came into contact with them tried to tell them the plain truth. But I think it is necessary that something should be said on the floor of this Assembly clarifying the position". The latest telegram he had received spoke of the Nagas "rejecting an offer from the Assembly to come into the Union. There has been no question of any offer. No offer was necessary or called for. The Naga Hills have always been part of India and will remain so".

EMERGENCY POWERS OF PRESIDENT

Mr. K. Sanatanam and Mr. B. M. Gupte sought by separate Amendments to introduce a new section to the Union Constitution Report specifying the Emergency Powers of the President. Both the speakers pointed out that the provision was a corollary to similar clauses made in the Provincial Constitution Report authorising the President to act immediately in the event of emergencies. Mr. Gupte's amendment said that the President might act upon a report being received from the Governor of a province only in consultation with the Ministers, but Mr. Sanatanam pointed out that this was implied even in his amendment.

On an assurance from Sir N. Gopalaswamy Ayyangar that suitable provision would be made in the final draft of the Constitution, both the amendments were withdrawn. Sir Gopalaswamy while agreeing with the need to vest the President with powers to deal with emergencies warned against the danger of handing over the whole administration of a Province to the President, even in an emergency. He was sure that when the Constitution was ready, some appropriate provision would be made.

The House also passed without debate part nine of the Report which says that provisions for the protection of minorities as approved by the Constituent Assembly should be incorporated in the Constitution.

The House adjourned till tomorrow.

Consembly August Session Time-Table

NEW DELHI, July 30, (A.P.I.) The President of the Constituent Assembly, Dr. Rajendra Prasad, to-day announced the tentative programme for the August sesson of the Assembly.

The House will meet on August 15, when the Domonion of India comes into existence. 'Members are aware we are going to have a function on August 15,' said the President, 'and so they will be expected to be present here to join in the function.'

The House will meet again on August 20 after Id holidays to conseder the reports of the Union Powers Committee and the Advisory Committee and any part of the agenda carried forward from the present session. The duration of the August session would depend on the work but he hoped it would not take more than seven or eight sittings.

EASTERNS 384
Agents D. M. VOHRA,
8, Vithaldoss Road,
BOMBAY, 2.

PROSTITUTION MUST BE ENDED

Home Minister On Bombay Govt's. Draft Amending Bill

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Home Minister Morarji Desai today called for greater public support in the Bombay Government's efforts to eradicate what he called "the three main vices of modern society"—drinking, gambling, and prostitution.

Addressing the 24th annual meeting of the Bombay Vigilance Association at the Secretariat this afternoon, the Home Minister said that the main responsibility of removing these evils lay with Society and it should, by doing propaganda, help Government in tackling the difficult problem. No amount of legislation would solve the matter if the public did not fully co-operate.

Referring in particular to the question of prostitution, Mr. Desai, while admitting that it was a difficult one, refused to accept the view that prostitution could not be stopped completely. If everyone put in his or her best efforts in this direction, he felt sure that it was possible to stop it completely. Mr. Desai said that the Bombay Government had appointed a committee to examine the provisions of the Bombay Prevention of Prostitution Act of 1923 with a view to removing the defects found in its working and that it had made recommendations to the Government for its amendment. He added that the Draft Amending Bill was under consideration by the Government and hoped that it would be put on the Statute Book at an early date.

Sir Rustom Masani, President of the Vigilance Association, presided over the meeting and presented the report for the year 1946 recommending its adoption.

The Annual report of the Association, whose main object is to prevent traffic in women, showed that 122 cases were handled during the year. The work of the Association was hampered by the disturbed conditions in the city.

His Grace and Archbishop of Bombay was elected President of the Association for the ensuing year.

Greek Guerillas To Have Free Govt.?

ATHENS, July 30, (Reuter): The formation of a "Free Greek Government" in Guerilla—held Areas in North-Western Greece was expected her today to follow Russia's veto on the proposed permanent United Nations Balkan Border Patrol at yesterday's Security Council Meeting at Lake Success.

The veto would 'obviously encourage Guerillas and Communist Party activities" Official Circles believed.

"Plans have already been made to oppose such activities", a Cabinet Member told Reuter today.

It was understood that the Cabinet, anticipating the Soviet veto during recent meetings, had adopted measures to apply to every emergency.

M. Constantine Tsaldaris, Deputy Premier, at present in Washington for talks on Greece, "was in full agreement with the Western Allies", Greek Government Quarters said.

The meeting of Greek Army Commanders at Volo, Northern Greece, was considered the first indication that such Cabinet decisions were to be applied.

Greek troops were aiming to reinforce their present positions over a strip of territory where the rebels would establish their "Free Government", it was believed.

Mrs. Mithan Lam, the Sheriff of Bombay presided at charity (exhibition) Table Tennis matches held at the Central Y.M.C.A., Bombay on Tuesday in aid of "Ramdas" Relief Fund. Picture shows the Sheriff with the women players.

The Sportsman's Sportsfolio

Footballers Contribution To "Ramdas" Relief Fund

(BY J. C. MAITRA)

I congratulate the W.I.F.A. Committee on their splendid support to the "Ramdas" Relief Fund. At a very short notice, they converted the League fixture between Trades India, the champions and Rangers, their closest rivals, into a charity match and collected as much as Rs. 5,000 on Friday last. Of course this was possible on account of the magnificent response from the sporting public—and particularly from the Maharana of Porbandar and Nawab of Janjira who generously donated Rs. 1,000 and Rs. 250 respsectively.

The gate-receipts might have been much more than Rs. 3,000, if the match were staged on a Saturday or Sunday. But for some reason or other it could not be done immediately. So they acted on the dictum, "Bisdat qui chito dat." And the result was beyond expectations.

TRADES' DISAPPOINTING SHOW

I did not expect the collection boxes and the sheets to yield as much as Rs. 700. Evidently sympathy for the sufferers flowed in ample measure to compensate the labour of the bevy of young ladies and gentlemen who toiled hard to reap a rich harvest. I am sure Mrs. Mithan Lam, Chairman of the Relief Committee, who graced the occasion, was well satisfied with the contribution.

I cannot say that I was equally satisfied with the game. In fact the supporters of the Trades were terribly disappointed with poor show put up by their favourite side. There was no question about the superiority of the Rangers on the day's play. But to be beaten by them the wider margin of 3-1 is something unimaginable on their part.

BROWN DICTATED TERMS

As a matter of fact, Rangers were three goals up before the interval. I doubt very much if this would have been possible, were not Sanjiva and Rathnam, Trades' usually reliable custodian, and left full-back, a bundle of nerves on that day. They practically threw away the match.

In this I do not mean to suggest that the Rangers did not merit their victory. Far from it. They—and in particular their brilliant inside-left, Alan Brown, a Scottish professional, took full advantage of their opponents' weaknesses and made hay while the sun shone. As the City Police were their bogey team in the past, Rangers, their successors, are following up the old tradition with a vengeance!

TACTICAL BLUNDERS

Trades were rather unfortunate in that they were unable again to field their full combination. This time Dhakuram and Suvarna cried off owing to injured limbs. It is very likely that with these two in the team, they might have turned the tables on their formidable rivals. But even then they had enough strength to get the better of the Rangers. It was again a blunder on their part to break the Bhimrao-Parab combination. This was another cause of their undoing. It is high time Trades had another left-winger in reserve to replace 'Dhaku' whenever necessary. Transfer of Parab to the left extreme did not help.

What they should have done under the circumstances was to cut short the short-passing game and adopt more direct methods. This might have paid them a handsome dividend—provided of course they went all out to win. They have now realised, I hope, that slackness does not pay. Anyway, they are assured of their championships for another year.

Indonesian Appeal To Indian Youth

(From A Correspondent.)

Miss Jetti Zain a leader of the Indonesian socialist youth and executive member of the Women's Congress of Indonesian speaking on behalf of the Indonesian youth over the Republican Radio on 24th July, appealed to the youth and students of India and Pakistan to stand by the fighting Indonesian youth against the Dutch Imperialism.

On 20th July the Dutch treacherously started a colonial war against the people of Indonesia, on the pretext of maintaining law and order. Before this, inspite the very humiliating proposals of the Dutch, the Republic had accepted them all but one, which would have reduced the Republic to the status of a colony and loss of her "de facto" sovereignty.

Now the Dutch are indiscriminately bombing the towns of the Republic. They are arresting the youth and students in the occupied territory and also high officials of the Republic. They are taking help from the Japs. 9000 tons of rice for India was confiscated by the Dutch military at the ports. In fact, they are out-nazing the Nazi-Facists of the Hitlerite Germany.

She called upon the All-India Students' Congress, the All-India Students' Federation and the All-India Muslim Students' Federation to act immediately to stop this war on the Indonesian people, and to leave no stone unturned to bring the Indonesian question before the Security Council of the UNO.

She appealed to the world youth and students similarly, for she said that they stood for democracy and peace and the Indonesians were fighting for the same principles.

Rangers' Hopes Of League Win Shattered

Share Points With G.I.P.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

RANGERS	2
G. I. P.	2

Whatever hopes the Rangers may have had of gaining the coveted Harwood League from Trades the reigning champions were dashed to the ground this evening when they were forced to share four goals and two points with lowly placed G.I.P. Few expected the Rangers to drop a point against a team which as a nation was certainly not as effective in the Rangers. But the railwaymen deserved to share the points and even a win would not have flattered them on the run of play. Not only did they score the first two goals to lead at half time by 2-0, both scored by Tully, the second off a penalty, but almost upto the last minute it looked as if either Tully or D'Mello might score the winner.

The Rangers experienced good luck in the matter of scoring for Hall who emulated Tully and scored both the goals for his side, scored the first from a rebound and the second from a flag kick.

Brown was again in good form but received indifferent support from his team mates who either failed to anticipate his shrewd moves or did not execute at the vital end with as much accuracy as they should have.

THE TEAMS:

RANGERS—Sutton; Bould and Woodcock; Hall, Bloomer and Stone; Gardner, Payne, Adams, Brown and Maifallane.

G. I. P.—T. D'Silva; Almeida and Malloo; Hussein, Duncan and B. Fernandes; James, Tambe, Tully, B. D'Mello and Shiva.

Suburban Badminton

BOMBAY, Tuesday.

Further progress was made in the Bandra Badminton Championships. Some keen matches were witnessed in the men's doubles in which some matches went into the third set and even the extra points before a decision could be reached.

The best match of the evening was the one in which L. R. Agaskar and V. C. Raikar got the better of Varerkar and Mangaldas, the score being 15-17 15-8 17-15.

The following are the results:—

LADIES' SINGLES:

Miss Dubash beat Mrs. Gazdar 11-7 11-5 Miss Shaligram beat Miss Jadhav 11-1 11-0.

MEN'S DOUBLES:

Damania and Asher beat Patel and Bapalla 15-10 18-14 A. V. Ullal and B. V. Ullal beat L. M. Thakkar and M. A. Nabar 15-2 15-4 C. P. Kalappa and H. Talyarkhan beat K. C. Sultana and L. J. Uppori 15-4 15-3 L. R. Pereira and Rog Pereira beat Bhoja Ullal and Bhat 15-10 15-5 Bhagwat and Rodrigues beat S. R. Ruia and B. R. Agaskar 15-12 12-15 15-13 M. N. Patil and Bhopardikar beat Miranda and Nardekar 17-14 12-15 15-3 Kalyanpur and R. D. Desai beat Patil and Partner 15-11 15-12 L. R. Agaskar and V. C. Raikar beat Varerkar and Mangaldas 15-17 15-8 17-15 Dinkarrao and Bellangadi beat Agnel and H. J. Talyarkhan 15-4 15-5 Bhide and Shirke beat Raut and Parulekar 15-10 15-17 15-11.

FIXTURES FOR BANDRA GYMKHANA

6 p.m. Mrs. B. Castellino and Miss H. Dubash vs. Miss N. H. Gopaldas and Miss P. D. Shroff. 6-20 p.m. S. P. Suri vs. M. S. Patil, 6-40 p.m. K. L. Suri vs. S. S. Nerurkar, 7 p.m. C. L. Desoysa and Miss B. Farias vs. T. Fernandes and Miss P. Madan, 7-20 p.m. A. G. Kalyanpur vs. R. R. Mallapur, 7-40 p.m. N. J. Antia vs. B. Shirgaokar.

AT P. J. HINDU GYMKHANA

6-15 p.m. Miss M. Haranjal and Another vs. Miss L. M. Merchant and Mrs. R. Gazdar 6-30 p.m. F. G. Kalyanpur vs. M. P. Desai, 6-50 p.m. N. Mahadev vs. U. M. Patel, 7-10 p.m. P. S. Nilkant vs. V. A. Desai.

DOCK STRIKE CONTINUES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The strike of the nine thousand workers of the R.I.N. Dockyard continues to-day. Negotiations to settle the dispute have failed.

INDIA GOVT.'S SOLICITUDE FOR LOW-PAID STAFF

Implementation Of Pay Commission's Report Begins

NEW DELHI, July 30 (A.P.I.): Decisions of the Government of India on the recommendations of the Central Pay Commission relating to pay scales and the method of fixation of pay are being published in the Gazette of India in the form of rules, says a 'communique'.

Formal orders sanctioning dearness allowance and house rent and compensatory allowances have also been issued. Due to pre-occupation of departments with partition work, it has not been possible to settle the scales of pay for all the posts and the schedule prescribing the new scales has been issued in an incomplete form. This has been done with a view to enabling as large a number of the low-paid employees as possible to draw the enhanced rates without further delay. New scales for posts not included in the schedule will be announced as soon as possible.

Special features of the new pay rules are:—

(I) The rules incorporate the three formulae recommended by the Central Pay Commission (vide para. 70 of the report) regarding initial fixation of pay;

(II) Except in cases of individuals drawing "inflated" rates of pay, present pay of all Government servants is fully protected;

(III) Pre-1941 entrants, who were hitherto known as "old entrants", have been given the option of retaining their existing scales of pay. If they elected the new scales, their pay will be so fixed in the new scale as not to exceed the pay admissible to a post-1939 entrant in that scale with the same length of service;

(IV) Post-1931 entrants who have no option but to come on to the new scales will generally have their pay fixed in the new scales at the stage next above their present pay;

(v) Persons drawing pay in "unified scales" will have their pay fixed with reference to the pay they would have drawn had they rendered the service in a pre-unified scale. In their case, if their pay in the new scales falls short of the amount drawn in the unified scale, the difference is allowed as personal pay.

TRANSPORT BOARD FOR MADRAS PROVINCE

MADRAS, July 30. (A.P.I.): The Madras Government have today constituted a Transport Board for the province consisting of ten nominated members from the neighbouring Indian States, railways and trade interests to survey the existing road, rail, water and air transport facilities and advise the Government on the expansion and improvement of these means of travel.

Besides representatives of the Mysore, Travancore, Cochin and Pudukottah States, the Board includes the General Managers of the M. and S. M. and South Indian Railways as its members. A representative from the Hyderabad State will be included in the Board shortly.

PATIALA'S PRIME MINISTER

PATIALA, July 30. (A. P. I.): Lt.-General Sardar Bahadur Sardar Gurdial Singh Harika, was formally installed as Prime Minister this morning.

SIKHS TO OBSERVE NANKANA SAHIB DAY ON AUGUST 5

LAHORE, July 30. (A.P.I.): An appeal to Sikhs to observe Nankana Sahib Day all over India on August 5, has been made by the Shiromani Akali Dal.

The programme set out for the day includes the offering of prayers both in the morning and in the evening to the Almighty for doing justice to the Sikhs at this critical period.

ALCOCK ASHDOWN WORKERS ON STRIKE

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Nineteen hundred men of Alcock Ashdown & Co., shipbuilders, have gone on one-day token strike to-day.

The strikers have demanded increase in wages, bonus and improved working conditions.

INDIAN WOMEN MUST BECOME SELF-SUPPORTING

Kamaladevi's Plea At A.-I. Women's Conference Committee Meeting

JUBBULPORE, July 29 (A. P. I.): The Standing Committee of the All-India Women's Conference concluded its three-day session yesterday.

The Committee authorised Kumari Kapila Khandwala to investigate into the working conditions of women in services and other professions and submit a report by November next.

Addressing the meeting of the Committee Shrimati Kamaladevi exhorted the women to encourage education among themselves and try to become self-supporting and economically free and make a proper place in the society on equal basis as in her opinion, backward women were a great liability to any nation and a check to its progress. She urged the Government as well as the society to improve the lot of women to enable them to keep pace with the fast changing times.

Lady Rama Rau, after explaining conference's aims and objects, its progress and achievements since its formation 20 years ago, vehemently criticised men for keeping women under their slavery and denying them freedom to enjoy equal status in the society and other fields. She appealed to men to help women and give them liberty to earn their bread honourably. She also urged women to assert their rights and persuade men to set their house in order.

Sind Students' Brotherhood

Mr. K. S. Nagpal writes:—

It has been decided to form a "Brotherhood" of all the Sindhi students studying in Bombay proper or in the suburbs. The need for such an association has been felt for a long time. I request all Sindhi students studying in the different colleges of Bombay to register their names with Mr. Roop Bhagwani at the Bombay Sindhi Association, behind Metro Cinema, Dhobi Talao, (Phone No. 33624) any day between 9-0 a.m. to 12-0 p.m. and 3-0 p.m. to 6-0 p.m. As soon as a sufficient number of names have been registered, a meeting will be held to form the Brotherhood.

KILL THAT COUGH

When you begin bellowing and barking in the throes of a coughing bout, remember that Santé Pastilles are the quick, sure way to end a cough.

Unlike Saving Certificates, a cough does not improve with keeping; the longer you have it the worse it gets. Coughing strains the lungs and throat.

For quick relief, call Santé to the rescue! Santé Pastilles provide an antiseptic, protective coating for throat and lungs. And Santé Pastilles are as pleasant to take as sweets.

With a tin of Santé in your pocket, you can say good-bye (and good riddance) to that cough. Re. 1/- a tin at all chemists and stores.

YOU CAN FEEL
SANTÉ PASTILLES
DOING YOU GOOD!
Manufactured by ROWNTREE & CO. LTD., YORK, ENGLAND.

WHEN AT CALCUTTA
STAY at:—
METROPOLE HOTEL
4 DACRES LANE, (Outside Curfew Area)
Gram: "METROTEL" Phone Cal. 1724

Look after bright, winning smile!
Keep your teeth clean and sparkling . . . use Listerine Tooth Paste regularly twice a day. You'll love its delightfully cool and refreshing flavour.
LISTERINE
TOOTH PASTE

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

To-day

Hindu: Adhik Shravan Shud 14, 2003.
Muslim: Ramjan 12, 1366.
Parsi: Aspandarmad 1, 1316.
Sunrise: 6-14 a.m. Sunset: 7-15 p.m.
Hightide: 11-50, 23-18. Lowtide: 04-41, 17-54.
MUNICIPAL CORPORATION: 2-30 p.m. (B.T.).

Today's Engagements

Mrs. DHALLA'S LECTURE: To-day at 6-15 p.m. at Alexandra Girls' School Hall, Waudby Road, Mrs. Mehera R. Dhalla on "Invisible Helpers".

ANTI-TYPHOID INOCULATIONS: Performed free at Talmaki Wadi, Tardeo Road, at 4 p.m. today.

BRAINS TRUST: Today at 6 30 p.m. at the Y.M.C.A. 12, Wodehouse Road, Panel: Dr. J. F. Bulsara, (Q.M.), Mrs. C. F. Lynn, Dr. K. R. Masani, Dr. R. G. Iyengar, Prof. D. M. Kennedy and Mr. Wayne M. Hartwell.

TIMINGS OF B.B. & C.I. TRAINS: The B.B. & C.I. Railway Kathiawar Express is now leaving Bombay Central at 7-30 hours instead of 7-35.

PROGRESSIVE GROUP: The Progressive Group has decided to hold a short notice "snap" social (dance and cabaret) at the Taj Mahal Hotel, Breakfast Room, today from 6 to 9 p.m. in aid of the Sheriff's "Ramdas" Relief Fund. Mrs. Mithan Lam will be the chief guest.

Members will be admitted at Re. 1 per head and their guests at Rs. 2 per head. Tickets may be had and tables booked in advance at the Taj. Table Reservations may be made at annas 8 per table after the purchase of tickets which will also be available from Miss Sylla Spencer, Mrs. Taleyarkhan and Mrs. Lilavati Munshi. (42317.)

BOMBAY MINT STAFF UNION: The general meeting of the Bombay Mint Staff Union on Saturday last elected following office-bearers for the current financial year:—

PRESIDENT: Mr. V. G. Dalvi,
VICE-PRESIDENT: Mr. S. V. Gupte.
CHAIRMAN: Mr. G. L. Thakoor.
DY. CHAIRMAN: Mr. C. P. Joshi.
GENERAL SECRETARY: Mr. G. C. Samel.
TREASURER: Mr. K. S. Gupte.

BOMBAY ARYA SAMAJ: The general meeting of Arya Samaj Bombay held in Arya Samaj Mandir on Sunday last elected the following office-bearers:—

PRESIDENT: Rajabahadur Govindlalji.
ASSISTANT PRESIDENT: Thakur Mansingji Shree Chhotalal Narandas Chawala.
SECRETARY: Samrava Thakur, B.A.
ASST. SECRETARY: Pt. Ram chandraji Sindhantalanker.
TREASURER: Shree Chhotalal Kishanlal Gupta.
LIBRARIAN: Pt. Nandkishorji Arya Sevak, Mr. Ganpatram Kraparam Arya.

BOMBAY GOVERNOR VISITS ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY

BOMBAY, July 30 (API): Sir John Colville, Governor of Bombay, paid a visit to the library of the Bombay Branch of the Royal Asiatic Society on Wednesday, July 30. On arrival His Excellency was received by the President of the Society, the Hon. Mr. Justice N. C. Chagla, and the Honorary Secretary, Mr. S. R. Tikekar. Some of the office-bearers and members of the Society were presented to His Excellency who was then conducted round the library where he was shown some books and maps and various other manuscripts, palm leaves, coins and seals.

Stalls For Sale Of National Flags

Mrs. Safia Khan, G.O.C. of the Congress Sevika Dal, writes:—

Three stalls have been opened on behalf of the Sevika Dal, at Congress House, Bombay, Azad Mahila Sangh, Matunga, and Vanita Samaj, Dadar. National Flags of different sizes both of paper and cloth are sold daily. The stall will be run till the evening of 15th August. Timings: (1) Congress House, Bombay, 8 a.m. to 7 p.m., (2) Azad Mahila Sangh, Arya Mahila Samaj Hall, Matunga, G.I.P. 2 p.m. to 5 p.m. and (3) Dadar Vanita Samaj, Cadell Road, Bombay, 2 p.m. to 5 p.m.

THE MOST ABSORBING FILM OF THE DECADE!
J. ARTHUR RANK
Presents
"A MATTER OF LIFE & DEATH"
in Technicolor
DAVID NIVEN,
ROGER LIVESEY
RAYMOND MASSEY
THE ROYAL COMMAND
Performance Film
From TOMORROW
At REGAL
Book in advance

ON STAGE SEE
PRITHVIRAJ
Sat. 2nd., Sun. 3rd., Mon. 4th 10 a.m
PATHAN
FRIDAY 1st Aug. 10 a. m.
DEEWAR
Plans open Book early
Royal Opera House

APPLAUDED BY ONE AND ALL!
New Theatres' Newest Social
WASIYATNAMA
Daily: 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
MINERVA
Ad. Booking: 10 to 12

B. E. S. T. DISPUTE BEFORE INDUSTRIAL COURT

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The dispute between the management and the non-scheduled employees of the B.E.S. & T. Company Ltd. came up for hearing before Sir H. V. Divetia, President of the Industrial Court, today.

In all 21 demands were referred to the adjudication of the President by the Government of Bombay. The workers' demand under the title "Strike Wages" was dropped by the Government and not included in the terms of reference.

The demands as put before the President were divided into six categories. The first category included those demands which predominantly related to financial aspect, such as increment in basic wages and grades, dearness allowances bonus and allowances revision of specific grades, uniforms badges etc.

The second category referred to demands which related to conditions of service leave, working hours, overtime etc.

The third category referred to demands arising out of the acceptance of the principle of trade unionism, namely collection of Union's fees, protection of workers against victimization etc.

The fourth category included demands which are of a circumstantial nature arising out of the fact that all the undertakings of the company are going to be taken over by the Municipality and that the B. E. S. & T. will be wound up in August next. Demands such as share in the goodwill, poor-box fund, gratuity, fall under this category.

Demands such as the reinstatement of dismissed workers, were put under the fifth category, as such demands were of a specific character.

The sixth category referred to the demands in connection with the application of the award.

Mr. Shantilal Shah who appeared for the workers, explained the nature of the demands and pointed out how Mr. Justice Chagla's award fell short of their expectations.

Mr. R. J. Colah instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya solicitors, appeared for the company.

ARRESTED ON CHARGE OF CHEATING

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The General Branch C.I.D. arrested Dulbarao Suryaji Sardesai on Tuesday on a charge of cheating in respect of Rs. 3000.

It was alleged that the accused is the Managing Director of a 'bogus' concern called Swadeshi Vanaspathi Manufacturing Co. Ltd. situated in Prospect Chambers, Hornby Road.

On 17-2-47 the accused, it was stated, under false representation that he was a manufacturer of Vanaspati ghee induced the complainant to part with a sum of Rs. 3,000 on the pretext of supplying Vanaspati ghee. The accused thereafter on one excuse or other failed to supply the "ghee" or return the money.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, extended the bail period of the accused.

Karnatak University Committee

Karnatak University Committee, Dharwar, writes:—

The last date for receiving replies to the Questionnaire issued by the Karnatak University Committee has been extended to 10th August, 1947.

BOMBAY FORWARD BLOC PRISONERS TO BE RELEASED

BOMBAY, July 30. (U.P.I.): The "United Press of India" learns that the Government of Bombay have already passed orders for the release of the Forward Bloc prisoners who were convicted in connection with the celebration of the R. I. N. Day.

This step, it appears, has been taken by the Government in pursuance of their policy of granting amnesty to political prisoners on the occasion of the Independence Day celebration on August 15.

Enquiries reveal that the Bombay Government do not propose to withdraw externment orders served against certain workers under the District Police Act.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

THURSDAY, July 31.
BOMBAY—1.

244 m. (1,231 kc/s)—7-30 a.m. Swar Kalika (by D'Amel) 7-40 News (M) 7-50 News (G) 8-0 News (E) 8-15 News (H) 8-30 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin) 8-45 Kalapi Krut Ghazals 9-0 Gangubai Hangal (Asawari).

12-0 p.m. Programme in Marathi for women 12-45 News (M) 12-50 News (G) 12-55 Bhavgeeten 1-25 News (H) 1-30 News (E) 1-40 Lunch-Hour Music 4-20 School Broadcast (M) 5-0 Gajananrao Joshi (Violin) Purvi 5-15 Children's Half-Hour 5-45 Topic of Day 5-55 Locals 6-0 News (E) 6-10 News (H) 6-15 Sardar Gul Raja (Thumri) 6-30 Navnit Jariwala (Gujarati Bhajan, Nishkulanand) 6-45 Sham Devre (Pad) 7-0 B. R. Deodhar (Tanke) 7-30 Talk in Gujarati by G. L Gheewala 7-45 Mitti 8-0 News (M) 8-15 News (G) 8-30 "Mrityupatra" (Radio play by V. M. Nerurkar) 9-0 News (E) 9-15 News (H) 9-30 B. B. C. News 9-40 Programme Parade 9-45 Sports Review (By Jit Kantawala) 10-0 Pamela Doris Wilkins (Grieg) 10-15 Clarionet Solo (By Reginald Kell and Gerald) 10-20 Maneck Bamboat: Soprano 10-30 Dominic Pereira and his Radio Quartet.

Weather News For Farmers

Forecast till the morning of 1-8-47:—

Rainfall will continue fairly widespread and light to moderate in the Konkanpatti. Scattered showers are likely in the Bombay Karnatak, Desh, Khandesh, Mawal Surat, Broach district, Soreth, Gohelwad and the Hyderabad State.

Raifall will continue fairly widespread and light to moderate in the Outlook for Subsequent 2 days: Rainfall will decrease in Gujarat and Kathiawar; elsewhere no large change is expected.

Increase In City Ration

2 1/4 Seers Of Rice And 1 Seer Of Wheat Per Card

The Public Relations Officer (Rationing) Bombay, writes: With effect from Sunday, August 3, 1947, the maximum quantities of various rationed foodgrains available on an adult's ration card in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District will be:—Rice 2-1/4 Bombay seers, and wheat and wheat flour together 1 Bombay seer (of which wheat shall not be more than 1/4 seer). The total quantum will be 3 1/8 Bombay seers as at present. Jowar, milo and maize will be available to the extent of 1/4 seer each within the total ration so long as the existing supplies at the ration shops last.

RATION FOR MANUAL WORKERS

The maximum quantities of various rationed foodgrains available as supplementary ration to a heavy manual worker will be—Rice 3/4 seer and wheat flour 1/4 seer. The total quantum of supplementary ration will continue at 1 Bombay seer.

The necessary amendments to the City of Bombay Rationing Regulation, 1943 and the Bombay Suburban District Rationing Regulation, 1943, are being published in part I of the Bombay Government Gazette dated July 31, 1947 says a Press Note issued by the Supply Commissioner, Bombay.

2 LBS. GUR RATION FOR BOMBAY

The Director of Publicity, Rationing, Bombay, writes:—During August, September and October 1947 gur will be issued at the same scales as were in force during July 1947, in Bombay City and the Bombay Suburban District. These are 2 lbs. per ration card irrespective of whether it belongs to an adult or a child, 6 ozs. per foodgrains unit on foodgrains ration permits, 4 ozs. per sugar unit on sugar ration permits, 2 lbs. per head of cattle for fortnight and 10 lbs. per horse per fortnight.

The quota for August may be drawn at any time during August. Ration card holders will be given first quality gur, ration permit holders half the quantity due in first quality and the other half in second quality and for animal consumption entirely second quality.

On account of the incidence of a large number of holidays in September and October it has been decided that ration card holders other than those registered at factory shops should purchase their quotas for September and October during August. Against the four pounds of gur due to each card holder for these two months half the quantity will be available in first quality and the other half in second quality. Ration shops are being instructed to keep sufficient stocks with them for issue of September and October quotas in advance. It may, however, happen that Ration Shops, which have limited storage space, run out of stocks at times. Ration card holders should make inquiries with their ration shops regarding availability and purchase their September and October quotas during August without fail. Gur will not be sold to the holder of a ration card which is issued before 1st August, 1947 after 31st August, 1947.

Holders of ration cards registered at factory shops will be given their September and October quotas in the first week of September. The proportion of 1st and 2nd quality gur will be the same as in the case of other ration card holders.

Establishments will get their September and October quotas in September. They will get half the quantity in 1st quality and the other half in 2nd quality.

Cattle and horse owners must purchase their quotas for September and October during August.

Bhulabhai Memorial Committee

The Secretaries of the Bhulabhai J. Desai public meeting committee writes:—In response to a public requisition, the Sheriff of Bombay is convening a public meeting of the citizens on Wednesday the 6th August at 6-0 p.m. (S.T.) at the Sunderabai Hall, Queen's Road, to pay homage to the memory of the late Sjt. Bhulabhai J. Desai. A resolution for appointing a Committee to take steps to rates a suitable memorial in his honour will also be moved. The meeting will be presided over by Sir Chimanlal H. Setalvad, and prominent leaders including Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Sjt. S. K. Patil, Justice Mr. M. C. Chagla, Sjt. Nagindas T. Master, Mr. Ratilal Mulji Gandhi, Sir Cowasji Jehangir and Sir Francis Low, have agreed to address the meeting.

22 European Police Officers Of Bombay To Retire

BOMBAY, July 30 (API.) European Officers of the Bombay City and the Provincial Police Force, numbering 22 have given notice to the Authorities of their intention to retire from service from the middle of August 1947, it is learnt.

These officers are retiring under the terms of compensation offered by the Secretary of State for India for premature retirement on the transfer of power to India.

DETENTION ORDERS IN DOMBIVLI

(From Our Correspondent.)
KALYAN, July 28.

Detention orders have been passed by the Additional District Magistrate, Thana, under the Bombay Public Security Act regarding the following persons who are stated to have acted, have been acting or are about to act in a manner prejudicial to the safety and tranquillity of he public peace, namely K. D. Vaishampayam, Tukaram Arjun, Ambadas Hari, Mohan Barkoo Chowdhari, Sakharam Kachru, Maruti Rajaram and Nana Shinvar, all of Dombivli village.

The Kalyan City Police have arrested Bhiva Ramji, Nanya Govind and Sajnya Dharma, all of Betarkar Pada (Kalyan Taluka) in connection with robbery and murderous attack on one Mr. K. P. Mahajan. The arrested persons were put before the Resident Magistrate and were ordered to police custody pending investigation.

NO FEAR OF WATER SCARCITY

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The water supply position of Bombay city and suburbs, which gave reason for acute anxiety some days ago, has so far improved, that it can now be stated with certainty that the much feared water scarcity has been tided over.

The official statement of the Bombay Municipality shows the water position on July 26, 1947 as follows:— Tansa, 21,667 million gallons, as against 32,-020 million gallons for the same period last year. The small difference is partially offset by the fact that while last year the total consumption was 846 million gallons per week. This year for the same week, it has been less 758 million gallons.

Vihar Tulsi, and Powai lakes, are showing satisfactory position though the last of them the Powai lake is overflowing.

The overall position at the beginning of this week as compared for similar period last year, is 1946—21,785 million gallons and 1947—21,-318 gallons in all municipal lakes with about 30 inches of rain to fall, the position is rather nopeful.

27th Tilak Anniversary

Following is the B. P. C. C.'s programme for the observance of Tilak anniversary on Friday, August 1:—

7-30 a.m.: Procession from Congress House to Chaupatty.

8 a.m.: Flag Salutation at Chaupatty by Mr S. K. Patil, President of the B. P. C. C.

8-15 a.m.: Garlanding of Tilak Statue by B. P. C. C. and other institutions.

6 p.m.: Public Meeting at Jinnan Hall. Mr. S. K. Patil, the President of the B. P. C. C. will preside and the Hon'ble Mr. G. D. Vartak, Hon'ble Mr. L. M. Patil and Mr. Jamnadas Dwarkadas Mr. M. Y. Nurie will address.

A Great National Event

Mr. S. K. Patil, President of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee has issued the following press statement:

The death anniversary of Lokamanya Bal Gangadhar Tilak has been a great national event ever since 1920 when this great Indian patriot breathed his last in this very city. On Friday next, August 1st, the whole of India will be celebrating the 27th anniversary of this great man. This year's celebration has a great and pointed significance since within two weeks of this celebration India will be entering into a new era of complete national independence for which Tilak lived and died. Paradoxical as it may appear, Sir Valentine Chirol has done a signal service to this country, of course without meaning it, by describing Lokamanya Tilak as 'the father of Indian unrest.' The national unrest through which this country has passed during the last half a century was initially and mainly the creation of Lokamanya Tilak. He it was who, for the first time in the history of our national movement, carried the urge of freedom to the masses of our country. He was the author and also the preacher of that great political mantra 'Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it.' Symbolically Lokamanya Tilak represented the whole nation and he spoke in its behalf. It was a resolve for the fulfilment of which the prestige and the honour of a whole nation were pledged. How happy would his Soul be to feel that the Swaraj which Lokamanya declared as a Nation's Birth-right has at last been vindicated and won for the masses of this country! The advent of Swaraj has naturally given a new content and a special significance to the Tilak anniversary this year.

There are countless Indians, great and small, who have sacrificed their lives at the altar of our national independence. How can a grateful country forget these great souls on the eve of its independence? I have not the smallest doubt that the country in general and the city of Bombay in particular will pay their grateful homage to the memory of one who will go down to history for all time as one of the great architects of our national freedom.

Sanitary Inspectors' Examination Results

At an examination for Sanitary Inspectors held in the 1st week of May 1947, under the auspices of the Royal Sanitary Institute, London, and the Government of Bombay, 180 candidates presented themselves. The following one hundred and twenty-six have passed the examination, subject to the approval of the results by the Royal Sanitary Institute, London.

The first five Numbers are according to merit of marks and the rest are arranged according to the Exam. Nos. of candidates:—

EXAM. NOS.: 42 95 107 44 99 179 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 43 45 46 47 48 49 50 52 53 54 55 56 58 59 60 63 65 66 67 68 70 74 75 76 77 78 83 84 86 88 94 96 97 98 101 106 108 109 110 111 112 113 114 116 120 125 127 130 131 132 133 135 139 142 143 144 145 148 150 151 152 154 155 156 157 160 162 163 164 167 168 169 170 173 174 175 176 177 178 180 181 182 183 184 and 187.

CALCUTTA, July 30. (U.P.I.): The Bengal Government have decided to declare the Tram Services in Calcutta and Howrah and the cotton textile industry in the province as public utility concerns for six months under the Industrial Disputes Act, 1947.

Rationing Inspector On Theft Charge

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Vallabhdas Ambaram Somaya, a Rationing Inspector, who is alleged to be connected with the theft of Rs. 500 from a shop at Kalbadevi on Monday was arrested by the Princess Street Police on Tuesday at Ville Parle.

It may be stated that J. C. Thakur, a rationing clerk, another suspect in the case, was arrested on Monday at the shop and was remanded into police custody by Mr. Oscar H. Brown, Chief Presidency Magistrate.

It was revealed that Somaya is a Rationing Inspector in 'G' South Ward, Worli and is residing at Ville Parle. It was stated that the complainant identified the accused at the identification parade held by the Police, as the person who went to his shop with the suspect, already arrested.

Mr. G. K. Rege, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Police Court, ordered the accused to be remanded into Police custody.

COBBLER SUCCUMBS TO STAB WOUND

BOMBAY, Wednesday.—A forty-year-old cobbler Dasappa Bakki, who was living with his only daughter in Nakhuda Building, Duncan Road was found in his room, with a serious stab wound on his abdomen on Monday evening. At the time of the incident his daughter Saraswatibai had gone out to play, and a neighbouring woman, Bhagibai, who went to pay him a visit at about 5 p.m found him lying with blood stained shirt on a gunny bag on the floor. A 'Rapi' which is a sharp instrument used by cobblers, was found at his side.

The Nagpada Police, who were immediately informed removed the dying man to the J.J. Hospital. The man was operated upon but he died at 1-30 p.m. yesterday without making any statement to the Police.

Enquiries from the relatives and neighbours of the dead man reveal that Danappa had been sick for the last four months. He is stated to have made a declaration to Bhagibai, who first discovered the tragedy, that he had committed suicide.

Alleged Murderer Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday

The Nagpada Police arrested one Abdul Gani (30) early this morning for the alleged murder of a woman Wanibai, who used to live with him in the same room of the House No. 152A, Ground Floor, Mohamedan Street.

It was stated by the Police that the accused was on tail terms with both Wanibai and her husband, and at about 6-15 a.m this morning he is alleged to have stabbed the woman with a large knife. She died on the way to the hospital.

STOVE TRAGEDY

Priest Sustains Fatal Burns

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ferdunji Manchanji Sidhwa a 38-year-old Parsi priest residing at the Balaram Street, who received extensive burns expired this evening.

It is stated that at about 11-30 a.m. the priest was pumping a kerosine stove on which he was cooking mutton. Suddenly the mutton pot and the stove fell on his trouser and 'sudra' which immediately caught fire. Hearing the shouts of the deceased his wife came to his rescue and poured water in order to extinguish the fire. The deceased was removed to the J. J. Hospital where he succumbed to injuries at 4-15 p.m.

Surprise Raid Unearthed Inferior Quality Of "Gur"

Why Govt. Cancelled Licences Of Dealers

The following is a list of the twenty-four Gur merchants and firms belonging either to Bombay or Andheri, whose licenses have been suspended by the Government of Bombay, for suspected malpractices like profiteering by passing off to retailers inferior Gur as "special quality."

The background to Government's action is that March this year these merchants, who are members either of the Bombay Gur Suppliers' Syndicate or the Gur Association of Andheri, were authorised to buy from Kolhapur on behalf of the Government 1,000 tons of Special Quality Gur and distribute them to retail dealers.

The Government of Bombay has classed this Commodity into two categories,—Costing respectively Rs. 22-12-6 and Rs. 18-12-3 per Bengal Maund.

After some of the stocks were distributed to retailers by these merchants, Government received complaints that the quality of Gur supplied to them was poor and inferior. A surprise check revealed that, at least part of the Gur sold as superior, was definitely inferior in quality, and hence, action was immediately taken, resulting in the freezing of stocks and the suspension of licenses.

Inquiries are proceeding and if sufficient evidence is collected it is very likely Government may launch criminal prosecutions against the merchants.

It may be revealed that 1,000 tons of Gur are equivalent to 27,000 Bengal Maunds and, if all the Gur were sold as special quality, while being only quality No. 2, the difference would be as much as Rs. 1,08,000.

But it is learnt that, the Gur was not all of the second quality, some of it being of the specified superior standard.

Bombay Govt.'s Move To Avert Token Strike By Staff

Terms For Recognition Of Federation

BOMBAY, Wednesday. The policy of the Bombay Government on the revision of scales of pay of their employees in the light of the recommendations of the Pay Commission will be announced some time next week, possibly before August 6, the scheduled date for the token strike by the Government Staff Federation, it is reliably learnt.

The general approach to this question has already been worked out by the Finance Department and will be finalised immediately after the arrival of Mr. B. G. Kher, Prime Minister, who is expected in the city on August 1.

The Finance Minister Mr. V. L. Mehta had a long-distance telephone talk with the Prime Minister at Delhi in this connection and also on the threatened token strike by the Government Staff Federation.

TERMS FOR RECOGNITION

In the meanwhile, obviously to avert the threatened token strike, the Government have communicated to the Staff Federation its willingness to recognise the Federation, subject to their undertaking to refer all points of dispute in future for arbitration without resorting to direct action. On the question of establishment of Whitly Councils, which is one of the demands of the Federation, the Government have stated that these bodies should concern themselves only with questions affecting the staff as a whole and not with individual cases of victimisation which are to be referred to the Public Service Commission. Further, the Government have stipulated that no statement should be released to the press by the office-bearers of the Federation without being first referred to the Director of Information.

URGENT ISSUES SHELVED

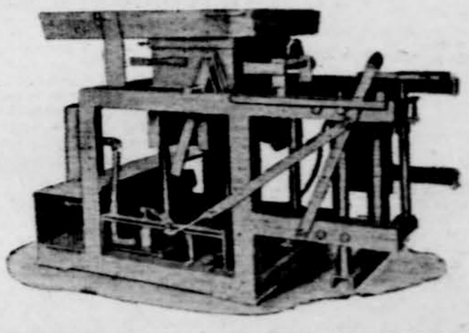
A spokesman of the Federation, giving his reaction to the move by the Government, regretted that the Government had shelved the main and urgent issues under dispute, namely, the revision of scales of pay and the question of confirmation of temporary staff.

The Working Committee of the Federation will be meeting on Thursday to consider these proposals and whatever decision will be arrived at by the Committee will be placed before the General Council for ratification.

SUMMARY OF THE PRECEPT

Attention of all registered medical practitioners whose names are borne on the Bombay Medical Register, on 30th June 1947 is invited to the Notification regarding the ensuing election of six members to the Bombay Medical Council published in the Bombay Government Gazette (at page 751 Part II) of 24th July 1947 and in the Sind Government Gazette of 24th July 1947. Monday, the 4th of August 1947 is the last date for receiving nominations of candidates. Voting papers will be issued to Electors on or before 25th of August 1947 and the same should be returned so as to reach the Returning Officer not later than 12 Noon on Monday, the 15th September 1947. Counting of votes shall begin at 2 P.M. on 15th September 1947. Copies of the Notification and other necessary information in respect of the General Election can be had from the office of the Bombay Medical Council, at Swadeshi Mills Estate, New Queen's Road, Bombay 4.

B. M. SIDHAYE,
Registrar, Bombay Medical Council and Returning Officer.
Bombay 25th July, 1947.

E-SMART (JUNIOR) A CEMENT HOLLOW STONE MACHINE
FOR MAKING CEMENT HOLLOW BLOCKS USEFUL TO BUILDING CONTRACTORS

OF STRONG CONSTRUCTION, EQUIPPED WITH OIL HYDRAULICS
PRODUCTION CAPACITY 1200 TO 1500 BLOCKS PER DAY.
FOR PRICES & PARTICULARS: APPLY TO
BOMBAY COMMERCIAL CO.,
SOLE AGENTS IN INDIA:
62, Forbes St., Fort, BOMBAY.
'PHONE: 20883.
Telegrams: "SEAGULL", BOMBAY.

"You, too, can be more beautiful

DO YOU want him to whisper, "Darling, you're the song in my heart?"
Then use Cashmere Bouquet Face Powder. It's as fine as sifted star-dust. It clings to your face for hours. And there are tempting shades to match the warm natural tones of your skin.
The exciting perfume will not escape quickly, for Cashmere Bouquet has added "Mousse de Chêmme" to make a better face powder for you.
Make your loveliness complete with Cashmere Bouquet's perfumed toiletries for "The Fragrance Men Love."

Cashmere Bouquet Products WITH THE FRAGRANCE MEN LOVE

Vanishing Cream Lipstick Rouge Cold Cream Perfume Talc Solid Liquid

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 30 (API.)

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st June 1947 and departure from normal recorded at 08-00 hours I S T on 30th July 1947 :—

Ahmedabad 91 79 0.1 8.7 minus 6.5
Allahabad 93 75 3.3 17.5 plus 0.3
Bangalore 83 65 0.9 10.8 plus 4.2
Baroda 88 73 T 10.4—Belgaum 79 69
0.1 19.0 minus 5.7 BOMBAY 87 79 0.8
25.5 minus 1.3 Calcutta 89 79 0.2 23.4
minus 0.7 Cherrapunji 70 66 10.0 220.0
plus 19.8 Colombo 85 74 0.3 10.2 plus
2.0 Cuttack 90 82 1.3 24.7 plus 2.3
Darjiling 68 59 0.6 42.3 minus 13.7
Dehra-dun 90 76 0.1 37.1 plus 3.3 Delhi
101 83 0 3.8 minus 6.0 Hyderabad
(Dn) 91 74 0 9.0 minus 1.3 Lahore 107
86 0 0.1 minus 6.7 Lucknow 94 80 0.1
28.2 plus 12.1 Madras 92 74 0.2 5.1
minus 0.3 Mahableshwar 67 63 1.1 92.5
minus 50.3 Mussoorie 69 62 0 3.4
minus 0.6 Mysore 83 67 0 — minus
0.5 Nagpur 90 75 0.2 21.9 minus 1.1
Ootacamund 65 49 0.3 8.4 minus 6.3
Pachmarhi 73 67 0.3 63.3 minus 28.9
Patna 94 78 1.4 11.7 minus 6.7 Poona
85 75 T 80 minus 2.8 Quetta 93 62 0
0.1 minus 0.5 Rajkot 96 78 0 2.8
minus 11.0 Rawalpindi 95 75 T 6.7
minus 3.4 Shillong 95 66 0.5 0.7 plus
9.2 Sholapur 94 73 0 9.2 plus 0.7 Simla
72 56 0.9 11.4 minus 10.3 Srinagar 86
63 0.2 3.6 minus 0.1 Surat 87 77 0.5
8.5 minus 17.1.

DAILY WEATHER SUMMARY

Following is the weather summary for Wednesday, the 30th July 1947 :—

Rainfall has been widespread in Assam, Bihar, the United Provinces, the West Central Provinces and the Konkan and local in rest Northwest India, East Central India, the East Central Provinces, Kashmir, Mysore and Malabar. A few showers have also occurred in West Central India, East Rajputana, Kujarat and the rest Peninsula.

FORECAST UNTIL THE 31ST.

EVENING:—Rainfall will be confined to the East United Province, Bihar, Chota Nagpur, Bengal, Assam, the Konkan and Malabar where it will be nearly general. Local thunder showers will occur in Southeast Madras, Orissa, the West United Provinces, the East Punjab and Kashmir. Except for scattered light showers, weather will be mainly rainless elsewhere over the country.

HEAVY RAINFALL WARNING :—Locally very heavy rain likely in Assam, Bengal and along and near the submontane regions of the United Provinces and Bihar within the next 48 hours.

A THOUGHT FOR THE DAY

"A life devoted to the satisfaction of the self is a tired and a tiring life; the wretchedness of men and women who have found it intolerable from lack of occupation, far exceeds the misery of those who have been miserable from an overplus of tasks and duties. There have been more suicides from boredom than from overwork".

—Prof. C. E. M. JOAD.

The Bombay Chronicle

INHUMAN OUTRAGE

Unless the Dutch have forgotten, they ought to agree that their description of what they are doing in Indonesia as "police action" is comparable only to the cynicism of Hitler and Mussolini. Their "police action" is a modern war in every respect, including the brutality of bombing towns and the civilian population. But they have overdone their own outrages by the inhuman shooting down of an Indian mercy plane, which was carrying medical supplies to Jogjakarta, involving, moreover, the tragic loss of eight innocent lives. This is a barbarity which must rightly shock the conscience of any decent man, be he European or Asian. And it cannot but be described as deliberate barbarity because the Dutch fighter pilots—even assuming they had no positive instructions from the higher authorities—could not have missed the markings on the Indian plane. This attack on the plane of a foreign country when, as Mr. Patnaik points out in a statement, both countries are signatories to an International Air Convention and when the Dutch, according to their own claims, are not in a state of war against the Indonesian Republic, constitutes an outrage that cannot be allowed to go unchallenged. It must not go unchallenged, moreover, because the plane was cleared by the customs at Singapore as carrying medical supplies and the Dutch were not ignorant of its mercy mission or its destination. We are sure this inhuman outrage will be brought to the notice of the Security Council when the Indonesian case comes up before it. In the meantime the Dutch must know that they have struck yet another big blow at their hopes in Asia.

Smuts' Latest

In the midst of "Partition politics" and "divisional pre-occupation", India has not probably taken note of the new challenge which General Smuts has flung at her and the United States. Ever since his discomfiture at the General Assembly of the United Nations Organisation in October last over the issue of the treatment of Indians in South Africa, he has been playing a game of tortuous politics to circumvent the U.N.O.s directives and justify his own White Africa policy. Some months back, there was a feeler for "rapprochement" with India and the suggestion was made to the Government of India that it should send back the Indian High Commissioner to South Africa to resume negotiations. Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru offered to have a Round Table Conference of both the Governments to end the deadlock and demanded the suspension of the anti-Asiatic measure, pending exploratory talks for a new agreement. General Smuts found himself badly caught and beat a hasty retreat. Then there was the parade of the royal tour and the pictures of Indians participating in the receptions with a design to mislead the world that Indians were happy under Smuts' Raj in South Africa. Simultaneously, the policy of "rallying the Moderates" was adopted. All this proved futile against the united front of Indians and the swelling ranks of passive resisters.

Recent utterances of General Smuts show that he is desperately clutching at the straw of "partition politics" as a cover for his own racial discrimination policy. His advocacy of "Arabastan" and "Jewastan" as a way out of the Palestine deadlock is not without significance. Speaking recently in defence of the Asiatic Land Tenure Act, he said: "When people do not want to live peacefully together, the only way is to sort them out and say 'this is yours and that is yours. Please do not trespass'." He added: "Look at what is happening in India. Even Indians cannot live together and they are dividing India. But when we do it, we were attacked by people who know nothing about South Africa. What we have done we will stand by, and nothing will alter it." The above statement is, perhaps, a rehearsal preparatory to the forthcoming sessions of the U.N.O. where General Smuts has to report. He will loudly protest the wisdom of his "sorting out" policy, which is euphemism for the barbaric "Ghetto Act" and will argue that even India has adopted it in the partition of the country. But even General Smuts, a clever lawyer as he is, cannot jettison facts. Neither in the Indian Union nor in Pakistan conditions pravail akin to "Smuts Stan" which smack of the "Ghetto" and racial segregation. There is absolutely no segregation as is evident from the fact that Pakistan contains a population of 20 million non-Muslims and the Indian Union has a population of over 30 million Muslims. Mr. Jinnah, in his recent statement, has pledged himself to secure full and equal citizenship rights to non-Muslim minorities in Pakistan, while the Indian Constituent Assembly is working on a charter for full citizenship rights for Muslims and other minorities in the Indian Union. The worst feature of the Natal Land Tenure Act is that Indians are segregated in a reserved area and they will not be allowed by law to purchase property in any other area, and in case they originally owned property in the excluded area, they will not be allowed to occupy it, and have no other course but to sell it to Europeans at a sacrificial price. Citizens, both in the Indian Union and Pakistan, are free to move about, free to buy, sell and dispose of properties, irrespective of communal and racial considerations. The Fundamental Human Rights stipulated in the Charter of the United Nations are implemented in both the States of India. According to the Indian Representation Act, Indians have to be represented in the South African Parliament by the Whites chosen by them. No Indian can set foot within the precincts of that august body and soil its sanctity! There is no parallel to this monstrous ban in either States of India. The ban is a degradation of "the dignity and worth of the human person" against which the United Nations Charter is a standing protest. General Smuts' latest statement "what we have done we will stand by, and nothing will alter it" is an audacious challenge to the U.N.O.

Frankly Speaking

Grave Balkan Crisis

It was fully feared that the conflict in the Balkans, which inevitably resulted in a sharp division of the Big Powers into two directly hostile camps complete with satellites, would lead to a grave crisis. Inspite, however, of its being expected, the crisis, now that it has arrived, is causing, as it could not but cause, serious concern and alarm. The Russian veto on the American proposal for establishing a permanent Balkan Investigating Commission does plunge the Security Council and the United Nations into serious jeopardy. If the organisation fails to bring about a compromise between the contending Big Powers, the failure may well be the beginning of its end and also of peace. For, with the Soviet Union supporting Rumania, Bulgaria, Yugo-Slavia, and Albania and the United States and Britain supporting Greece and Turkey, it is easy to see the possible terrible outcome of the present deadlock.

Indonesia And U.N.O.

There has, according to Reuter's report from Lake Success, sprung up a crop of rumours and speculations about the Indonesian problem in relation to the United Nations. This is not unnatural. According to the announcement made at New Delhi by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, India was to approach the United Nations on Tuesday last. There was also a report that Australia, which is a member of the Security Council, was going to forestall India by raising the issue of Indonesia itself. But the U.N. Secretariat had received no communication from India or Australia by Tuesday. So far as India is concerned this delay seems to be due to a reported representation by the British Government that London was hoping to bring the Dutch to their senses and that India should, therefore, postpone her approach to U.N.O. for a while. India, as Pandit Nehru disclosed, had persistently tried to get the crisis resolved by other means and it is for that reason that Pandit Nehru has apparently agreed to the British suuggestion. But it is obvious that the success of British efforts, which the British hope for, cannot be awaited indefinitely. This also applies to the rumours that America is also exerting some sort of pressure on the Dutch. The United Nations will have to be seized of the issue unless the Dutch have by now yielded to justice, democratic principles and reason. Since writing the foregoing news has, however, come that India has referred the question to the Chairman of the Security Council. Obviously the British efforts have failed. Now it is a matter for the International Organisation to deal with Asia's challenge to its "raison d'etre."

Travancore Accedes

Although no official announcement has been made to that effect, the brief Associated Press message from Trivandrum suggesting that Travancore will accede to the Indian Union appears to be a correct statement of the factual position. The cryptic message makes two suggestions, which make it sound plausible, even highly probable. First, it says that, as a result of negotiations between the Viceroy and the Dewan of Travancore, His Highness has decided to accede to the Union. The decision to declare independence, although it was claimed to be a decision of the ruler, was actually announced and stoutly defended by the Dewan, Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer. To interpose the personality of the ruler now to revoke that decision may be one way of saving the face of the Dewan. The message also announces that the accession is subject to certain conditions in respect of defence, foreign affairs and communications. What these conditions are is not stated. But two facts must be remembered in this connection. The conditions cannot on any account be such as to detract from the right of the Union to pursue its policies or to interfere with the efficient functioning of the Union's administrative machinery. Secondly, all the other States having acceded unconditionally, any conditions that may form part of the settlement as between the Union and Travancore cannot be such as to make the other States restive. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, who is in charge of the States Department, is too shrewd a politician to permit of any such possibility. Therefore, these conditions cannot but be conceived as face-saving devices Incidentally we trust the accession of Travancore will have its influence in shaping the decision of Hyderabad in this matter

Right And Only Goal

While the accession to the Union of virtually all the States is to be welcomed in itself, it is good to bear in mind that this is only the first round of the battle. The final aim of the States' people, as of their brethren across the frontier, can be nothing short of complete freedom, the establishment of a fully democratic form of government within the States. Both the States' subjects and the Union as a whole are equally interested in maintaining, within the States, a standard of administration as well as a level of freedom not far below that of the remaining parts of the Union. As Lord Mountbatten in his final warning to the Princes aptly put it, the Princes can neither run away from the Dominion around them nor can they run away from their own subjects. As Mahatma Gandhi has repeatedly stressed, the time has come when the Princes must recognise the paramountcy of the people. Acceding to the Union, therefore, is only the beginning. The end, the only end that is theoretically right and proper and particularly satisfactory and effective is that the Princes must also accede to the wishes of the people.

Interim Relief

The news that the Government of Bombay have decided not only to restore the drastic cut in the ration of rice and wheat in the city and suburbs made on June 29, but that there is even a possibility of the ration being increased, is the most heartening news the city has heard for many a day. At the time the cut was made it was announced that it would be in operation for two months and there was even a hint that it might last much longer. What the people have suffered and borne during the last few weeks, the desperate struggle of the householder to piece out the meagre ration and supplement it with all manner of non-rationed food articles, the sorry tale of housewives to cook something out of unfamiliar and almost unedible "unpopular grains", had better be left undescribed at length. Let us rather commend the zeal and energy of the Bombay food administration, helped along perhaps, by a stroke of good luck, that it was able to put an end to this period of agony sooner than expected. An official announcement in this behalf is expected to be made by the week end after the return of the Minister for Civil Supplies from Delhi. Let us hope there will be no hitch or delay in this announcement. At the same time it should be remembered that there is no cause for jubilation as such. The total cereal ration is still 12 ounces a day and the wheat and rice quota even at the proposed higher level is about two-thirds of the total ration. Nor is there any chance of this state of affairs coming to an end in any foreseeable future.

CEILING PRICE OF PORTLAND CEMENT

The Government of Bombay has issued an order that the price of Portland cement should not exceed Rs. 65 per ton in full wagon loads for F.O.R. destinations.

The retail prices, which may be charged, taking into account expenditure on unloading of wagon, cartage, stocking in godown, etc. and profit margin for the sellers, should not exceed the wagon load price by more than the amount which is permissible under the normal practice authorised upto now by the Cement Company selling the cement.

Both the wagon load price and retail prices mentioned above are for supplies ex-nearest works and the sellers are authorised to charge extra for the freight difference over and above the prices.

The sellers are also entitled to charge extra for the general or special increase in freight for octroi, terminal tax, town duty, sales tax and any other charge or levy payable by them.

Sales of cement are permitted only by persons authorised in writing to do so by the Honorary Cement Adviser to the Government of India or the Regional Honorary Cement Adviser, Bombay, or by a person authorised in this behalf by those officers.

Editor And Four Myochit Party Members In Rangoon Comb-Out

Armed Guards For New Ministers: U. Saw Cables London For Legal Aid

RANGOON, July 30 (Reuter): The assassination of the seven Burmese Ministers in Rangoon on July 19 was "part of a plot to overthrow the Government," a Press 'communique'—the first official account of the tragedy—disclosed here to-day.

"There is reason to believe that the persons who committed the dastardly crime are among those who have been arrested," the 'communique' said.

"It is hoped that the culprits will be brought to trial before long." A special tribunal is to be set for the trial.

ARMED GUARDS FOR MINISTERS

Armed guards accompanied Ministers as they drove to to-day's meeting of the Constituent Assembly, and strict precautionary measures were enforced at the Government buildings where the Assembly met. No visitors were allowed in the Assembly Hall and the grounds.

Sentries turned away scores of messengers and even refused to accept letters addressed to Government Departments and officials.

The Burmese Police, continuing their countrywide search for arms and ammunition, started after the assassination of the Burmese Ministers, have found over 100 Bren guns, a considerable quantity of other weapons and 2,000 rounds of ammunition in the Tharawaddy area alone, according to a police source.

The Police also continued to round-up suspects connected with the plot.

MORE ARRESTS

Rangoon Police to-day searched the offices of the 'Sun', a leading Burmese daily newspaper. U Saw was once its Managing Director. One of the editors of the paper and four members of the Myochit Party were arrested last night.

The Sawbwa of Mongshew, leader of the Frontier Areas Group and a Shan States' Chieftain, was unanimously elected President of the Constituent Assembly to-day. The Sawbwa succeeds Thakin Nu, appointed Deputy Chairman of the Interim Government after the assassinations.

LONDON LEGAL AID FOR U SAW?

RANGOON, July 30 (A.P.A.): U Saw, leader of the Myochit Party, has cabled London for legal aid, the Myochit Party headquarters announced last night.

The headquarters said that the cable had been addressed to Maung Gyi, a brother of U Saw, asking him to contact the best known London legal authorities who will probably be flown to Burma to appear in the defence of U Saw before a tribunal investigating Burma's ministerial murders.

THREAT TO LIVES OF ALL GOVT. HEADS

RANGOON, July 30 (A. P. A.): Threats by "unknown persons" have been made against the lives of all heads of Government departments in Rangoon, official sources told the Associated Press of America correspondent to-day.

U Soe Nyan, Chairman of the Rangoon Corporation, who attended the Indo-Burma-Ceylon Mayors' conference in Karachi last April, was one such official threatened.

ATTLEE ON BURMA OUTRAGE

LONDON, July 30 (Reuter)—The assassins responsible for the deaths in Rangoon of U Aung San, former Deputy Chairman of the Burmese Executive Council and several of his colleagues, are believed by the Burmese Government to be among those arrested in Burma.

This was announced in the Parliament today by the Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, who said that the Burmese Government also believed that the assassinations were part of a plot to overthrow the Government.

Giving details of the plot, Mr. Attlee disclosed that the assassins got their arms and ammunition from the Burmese Base Ordnance Depot on July 12. They were stolen by individuals posing as Civil Police and carrying forged documents.

The identity of the assassins and the origin and ramifications of the outrage were still under investigation. The situation at the moment was "quiet" and under control, Mr. Attlee said.

Mr. Attlee declared that most of the stolen arms had been recovered and that the officer in charge of the depot, from which they were taken, had been relieved of his post.

He added: "The rapid formation of a new provisional Government under Thakin Nu has had a calming effect. There is no doubt that the vast majority of the country is solidly behind the new Prime Minister and his Cabinet."

EDEN'S STATEMENT

Mr. Anthony Eden, Acting Leader of the Opposition, said: "The Prime Minister has referred to the declaration by the Government of Burma that the British Government were in no way connected with recent developments in Burma."

"In view of some allegations which have been made will the Prime Minister make it plain that the Opposition have equally no connection with these events. I ask that particularly because, as he knows, some of us in the Opposition saw certain of these Burmese leaders at different times but always at the request of the Prime Minister and with his full knowledge."

Mr. Attlee: "Yes, I know that Mr. Eden and his friends saw members of the Burmese Government and no one would believe the Opposition do not take the same view that the British Government and the Burmese Government take with regard to these outrages."

LIGHT ON AFGHAN PREMIER'S MISSION TO LONDON

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): Complete secrecy is being observed by the Afghanistan Legation in London about the movements of Marshal Shah Mahmoud Khan, Prime Minister and Commander-in-Chief of Afghanistan, who has now been in London for four days without any official news of his activities.

When he arrived at London airport on Sunday night, Afghan officials who had gathered in force to meet him attempted to prevent the press from approaching the Prime Minister. "He has nothing to say" they told journalists who had waited for hours on the Tramac landing ground.

Pressed for the reason for his visit to London they explained that he was passing through Britain on his way to the United States where his student son is seriously ill.

Later the Prime Minister relaxed to tell the press that his visit to London was unofficial but he added that he was willing to discuss Afghanistan's claims to Indian territory if "approached by the Dominions' Office or any other high authorities in London".

The Premier then stepped into a waiting car and was whisked off to a London Hotel.

Since then nothing official has emanated from the Embassy regarding his activities in London except that last night he went to a London theatre with the Ambassador.

It is known, however, that he has seen a number of "important personages" in London. These meetings were explained by Afghan officials in the words "he has only been received by certain important personages" on account of his "status".

The identity of these "important personages" has not been disclosed but His Royal Highness has not been either to the Commonwealth Office (which is the new name for what was formerly the Dominion Office) or to the India Office which is still responsible for India until August 15 when the new Dominions come into being.

Bumper Cotton Crop In China

SHANGHAI, July 29 (Reuter): A bumper cotton crop, estimated at 11,000,000 bales, is expected in China this year, according to semi-official Chinese report here today.

Timely rain and a more extensive use of American cotton seeds helped to increase the crop, it was said.

NEWSPRINT ADVISORY COMMITTEE

NEW DELHI, July 30, (U.P.I.): A meeting of the Newsprint Advisory Committee has been convened to meet here on August 12. It is learnt that the Committee will discuss the fresh proposal that has been made to control the use of newsprint by newspapers and others. It may be noted that the newsprint control was lifted only on April 1 last.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR KASHMIR

NEW DELHI, July 30 (API): Mahatma Gandhi and party left tonight by Frontier Mail for Rawalpindi on the way to Kashmir. He boarded the train from a wayside station.

Speaking after prayers this evening Mahatma Gandhi said that it was his last evening in Delhi at least for some time. He expected to reach Srinagar day after tomorrow. He was going there as he had said to fulfil his promise. He had no special work there. He was not going to address audiences or to seek the release of Sheikh Abdulla Sahib. After Kashmir he intended going to Noakhali.

DON'T LOOK TO PAKISTAN FOR SAFETY

The newspapers reported the League members statement saying that whatever might have happened in the past, they were determined to live as friends in future. The fight for Pakistan was over. The Bihar Muslim League Secretary had said that they had no quarrel now with anybody. They were brothers to the Hindus and others and must live as such. He appealed to the Bihar Hindus to make the refugees coming back feel perfectly safe and at home in Bihar. He appealed to the Muslims in the Union not to look up to Pakistan for their safety. It was the people, Hindus and Muslims in Pakistan and the Union who had to ensure each others safety in either Dominion.

FRIENDS OF ALL

He was reported to have said that Bombay Government had already put into practice the recommendations of the Pay Commission. It was an error. But there was no doubt that they had already decided upon the step substantially. He saw no vital difference between the two. Shri Ashok Mehta had said that the token strike would be dropped if Gandhiji agreed to mediate. He could not do so. His colleagues in the fight against the British were now at the head of the Government. It was not possible for them to ask him about everything, nor could he guide them in everything even if they wanted him to do so. He was not a dictator. He was the friend of the Socialists, the Government, the Capitalists and the Princes alike. His advice to the Socialist was to co-operate with the Government and to get them to do what they wanted by reasoning.

NO LEGISLATIVE PROTECTION OF COW

Telegrams still poured in asking for cow protection by legislation. It was not possible to protect the cow that way The cow had to be protected from the slow torture of overwork and semi-starvation If the Hindus were correct in their conduct they would achieve their objective without legislation. He did not want the Muslims to kill cows or eat them, but they should desist of their own accord, not under pressure

ARRANGEMENTS IN KASHMIR

SRINAGAR, (Kashmir) July 30 (API): The National Conference is making elaborate arrangements for Mahatma Gandhi's first visit to Kashmir. During his three day's stay in Kashmir, Mahatma Gandhi will be the guest of the National Conference and will stay with Mr Kishorilal Sethi, Forest Contractor at his bungalow on the Aerodrome Road, about three miles from the centre of the city.

RESERVE BANK OF PAKISTAN

Might Come Into Existence By October '48

NEW DELHI, July 30 (A.P.I.): The Government of India and the Government of Pakistan will be staffed almost solely by those who have opted to serve the two respective Dominions by the end of August. It is hoped. This is the result of recommendations submitted by the Expert Organisation Committee set up to implement the partition.

The selection of heads of departments of the two Governments has almost been completed, and it is understood that these men will have the responsibility of posting personnel who have opted for the Dominion concerned by August 15th at the latest. This, however, does not affect such large organisations as the Posts and Telegraphs and Railway Departments where the change over the personnel may take place by October. It is pointed out that this decision is necessary as in such organisations too rapid a transfer of personnel is not possible. Furthermore with reference to what are termed as key technical personnel such as accountants, mechanics, mistrys, etc., the maximum period allowed for the change over is six months. These decisions affect more than 50,000 officers and men.

Other Expert Committees that have reported include those on Controls, Trade, Posts and Telegraphs, Railways, Domicile, Currency, Contracts and Customs. While minor points remain to be settled the broad details covered by these committees have been agreed upon.

'STATUS QUO' IN INTERNAL CONTROL

With regard to internal control the status quo' is to be maintained as far as possible, with the right of either Dominion to make a change in consultation with, but not necessarily with the consent of the other Dominion. While the two Dominions will separately exercise the administration of import and export control, it is learned that there will be no change of policy for six months. With regard to trade there will be free passage as between the two Dominions which have agreed to prohibit monopolist and discriminatory practices.

SEPARATE STAMPS FOR PAKISTAN AFTER SEPT.

The Committee on Posts and Telegraphs, apart from the arrangements regarding personnel already indicated, has decided that the two Dominions shall have the same stamps till September after which there will be overprinting of stamps for the Pakistan Dominion.

No passports will be required for entry from one Dominion into another, until either Dominion takes action to the contrary, it is learnt, according to the recommendations of the Domicile Committee, as, pending any constitutional changes, citizens of the two Dominions will continue to enjoy Commonwealth citizenship.

COMMON CURRENCY UNTIL MARCH '48

The Currency Committee has, it is understood, agreed that there will be common currency in India and Pakistan until the March 31, 1948 and the Reserve Bank of India will function for both the Dominions. Subsequently during the next six months currency overstamped with the "legal tender in Pakistan only" will be issued for the Pakistan Dominion and in this time it is hoped that these new issues will enable the withdrawal of Indian currency in the Pakistan area. During this period the Reserve Bank will deal separately with currency matters pertaining to the two Dominions. By October 1948 Pakistan, it is expected, will have its own currency and Reserve Bank.

Britain Loses World Boxing Championship

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): Great Britain lost her only world boxing championship when Jackie Paterson of Glasgow was deprived of his World and British and Empire flyweight titles by the stewards of the British Boxing Board of Control today

Paterson appeared at a special meeting of the Board's administrative stewards concerning his failure to meet Dado Marino of Hawaii for the world flyweight championship on July 16.

After a meeting, lasting almost two and a half hours, the stewards announced: 'After having the doctor's and the inspector's reports read and after Paterson had appeared before them the stewards unanimously came to the conclusion that there was nothing in Patterson's physical condition to prevent him from presenting himself at the weighing at 14-00 hours. They, therefore, decided that he forfeits his titles of flyweight champion of Great Britain, the British Empire and the World and such titles are declared vacant."

"I think it is a bad decision and that I have been given a raw deal" said the disappointed Patterson, who under regulations, will be unable to appeal against today's decision.

The stewards declared Dado Marino as a leading contender for the vacant world title and agreed that, in the event of a contest being arranged between Marino and the Ilishman, Rinty Monoghan, they would recognise the same as being for the world flyweigh. championship.

TÊTE-A-TÊTE

WITHOUT COMMENT

LONDON, July 29 (Reuter).—In the official announcement tonight of Lord Montgomery's decision to cut short his Far-Eastern tour, the British War Office stated:

"Field Marshal Montgomery has decided that the pressure of business in London renders it impossible after all for him to extend his present tour beyond New Zealand.

* * *

The latest sensation from Travancore is that the Maharaja—yes, that's what the report says, the Maharaja—has decided to join the Indian Dominion subject to certain conditions, in respect of defence, foreign affairs and communications.

We are anxiously hoping that the main condition is not that the Dewan of Travancore should be in supreme control of the Indian Dominion in respect of defence, foreign affairs and communications.

* * *

Gandhiji has declared that he is not going to Kashmir on any anti-Pakistan mission, but that he would, however, tell the Maharaja that it was for the people of Kashmir to decide whether to join India or Pakistan.

Which latter contradicts his former assurance by calling upon the Maharaja to ignore the advice of League leaders according to whom it is for the Princes to decide what their States should do.

* * *

In an appeal for collaboration and unity, Mr. Ghulam Husain Hidayatullah says: "Sind is our common home and all of us are brothers and sisters of one large family."

He had better be told of his loss. We mean, he seems to have mislaid somewhere the two-nation theory.

* * *

MENTAL ASYLUM INMATES DEMAND VOICE IN PARTITION

—Headline.

They have an unassailable right to it.

* * *

Mr. Arnold Lamping who has just arrived in India as Dutch Ambassador said in an interview at Karachi: "We very much regret this measure on the part of India."

And we very very very much regret that measure on the part of the Netherlands.

* * *

Shock and indignation seem to have been caused by the report that the Dutch have shot down the Indian mercy plane.

But we ought to be fair to the Dutch. They had to take "police action" against the Dakota that flew a number of absconders including Shahriar out of Indonesia.

* * *

Talking of police action we also sympathise with the Dutch in confiscating 5000 tons of rice that the Republicans had earmarked for India which is openly abetting the Indonesian criminals and the rebellion.

Remember '42?

SCHOOL GIRLS' HUNT FOR SUBHAS BOSE'S GEMS

TOKYO, July 30. (U.P.A.) The vernacular newspaper, "Minichi", published two items today which threw some light on the whereabouts of Subhas Chandra Bose's diamonds reportedly worth ten billion yen and missing since the Indian leader's fatal air crash in Formosa in August, 1945.

The newspaper's Takamatsu correspondent said that according to a local resident, who was formerly a Formosan official, the Japanese Army sent over 500 school girls on a "gem hunt" near the scene of the crash. Tomikichi Morita, formerly an official of the Formosan Salt and Camphor Bureau, told the correspondent that he thought the large diamond collection intended as Bose's war chest still was in Formosa. He said the girls from the Taihoku Higher School had spent three or four days hunting for the gems and reports had said each girl had turned in four to five gems to their school master.

Another dispatch datelined Yamaguchi, southern Honshu, said the Police in that area were seeking former Army Lieutenant General Mizuno who is suspected of being in possession of 10,000,000 yen worth of diamonds. Mizuno reportedly was serving with the Japanese Army in Formosa at the time of the surrender.

30,000 More Br. Soldiers To Leave India

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): Over 30,000 members of the British forces will be released from duties in India, over and above the withdrawals already planned, as a result of the new Defence arrangements in the two Dominions.

This figure was given to the House of Commons today by Mr. John Freeman, Financial Secretary to the War Office, in reply to a question.

Mr. Thomas Stephenson (Labour) had asked what was the estimated number of all ranks of British personnel, Royal Navy, Royal Air Force and Army, stationed in India, who would be released from duties in India.

Mr. Freeman replied: Over and above the withdrawals already planned the total number involved is rather more than 30,000".

Ku Klux Klan

ATLANTA, Georgia, July 30 (UPA): Dr. Samuel Green, Grand Dragon of the Ku Klux Klan confirmed that its rank and file members are permitted at church services in their white-hooded regalia.

Russia Refuses To Ratify European Peace Treaties

Move To Put Off International Conference Deciding Future Of Italian Colonies

LONDON, July 30. (Reuter): The Soviet Government has informed Britain in a diplomatic note of its wish to postpone ratification of the peace treaties with Italy, Rumania, Hungary, Bulgaria and Finland until after ratification has been carried through by the ex-enemy states themselves, a Foreign Office spokesman stated in London today, cables Reuter's Diplomatic Correspondent.

The note indicates that Russia has no objection in principle to the ratification of the first five peace treaties.

Statement of the Soviet attitude which comes as a long delayed reply to British attempts to fix an early date for the coming into force of the peace treaties already signed is authoritatively considered unlikely to be acceptable to the British Government.

The arrangement agreed among the "Big Four" in New York in 1946 for bringing the first section of the European peace settlement into force was that the Italian treaty would become operative when ratified by Britain, France, United States and the Soviet Union, that the treaties with Hungary, Rumania and Bulgaria would become valid when recognised by Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union and that the Finnish Peace Treaty would become valid as soon as ratified by Britain and the Soviet Union.

Since earlier this year the legislation making ratification possible was carried through in London and Washington, Britain has been pressing the Soviet Government to make a similar move. The whole purpose of this procedure agreed among the Big Four was to prevent failure to ratify by the ex-enemy powers themselves from delaying the coming into force of the treaties by which they would be bound.

WHITEHALL REACTION

In any case the argument advanced in the Soviet note appears in Whitehall to have no validity in the case of those ex-enemy powers such as Finland which have already ratified the treaties in question.

Besides delaying the coming into force of the peace settlement over wide areas of Europe the Soviet decision is putting off the International Conference which will decide the future of the former Italian colonies since earlier this summer the Soviet Government announced that it was unwilling for discussion on this subject until the Italian Treaty was operative.

A trade agreement between French and the Argentine was signed at the Quai D'Orsay at a dinner given in honour of Senora Peron, wife of the Argentine President by M. Bidault. Photo shows M. Bidault signing the agreement watched by Senora Peron, Mr. Maurice Schumann (Finance), Mr. Ramadier, and Mr. Rocca (extreme right), Argentine Ambassador in Paris. The Senora left for Argentina soon after without visiting Britain

BRITAIN TO TAP HER GOLD STOCKS

No Option For Staving Off Approaching Economic Crisis

LONDON, July 30, (Reuter): Britain is expected to tap her gold reserves—the biggest in the world outside the United States—to bridge the gap between the exhaustion of the American Dollar Loan, which is fast running out, and the beginning of the operation of the Marshall Plan for economic aid to Europe.

This can stave off the approaching economic crisis for only a brief additional period however, it was emphasised in London today.

It has been stated unofficially many times that tapping of the gold stocks seems inevitable. There was an official intimation of it "off the record" on July 15, when sterling became convertible.

New York press reports today that Britain will take this action were regarded in London as self-evident.

Tapping of the gold reserve is not regarded in London as a solution of the problem, but merely as a little extra breathing space in which to find the only real solution—Retrenchment or Britain's overall spending.

Britain appears to have augmented her hidden reserve of gold and hard currency as some offset to excessive drawings on the America Loan. In official quarters in London today, however, it was doubtful whether during 1947 this had even replaced the 200,000,000 dollars of gold which Britain transferred to the International Money Fund last February.

Consequently by the time the Dollar Loan is exhausted, this British reserve may be no bigger than the last published figures. These showed a reserve of 2,560,000,000 dollars at the end of 1946, of which more than three quarters was believed to be in gold.

"INDEPENDENCE BONUS" FOR C. P. WORKERS

NAGPUR, July 30 (UPI): The Provincial Government have notified the interim award made by the Industrial Tribunal appointed to enquire in the dispute between the management and the employees of the textile mills in the Province.

The Tribunal which consisted of Justice K. T. Mangalmurti submitted its award on demand for bonus and recommended their all the ten textile mills in the province should pay to all workers, permanent and temporary, as well as clerical staff and watch and ward staff in both shifts, an "Independence Bonus" equivalent to one fourth of their total earnings during the period of twelve months immediately following the period of twelve months for which last war bonus was paid. This bonus should be paid, in full by all the mills with the exception of two Hinganghat mills

Independence Holidays In C. P.

NAGPUR, July 29 (UPI): The Provincial Government have sanctioned public holidays on Friday August 15 and Saturday, August 16 under the Negotiable Instruments Act for the celebration of Indian independence.

PLEA FOR JAIL DELIVERY ON INDEPENDENCE DAY

MADRAS, July 29 (API): A joint appeal has been addressed to Pandit Nehru, Mr. M. A. Jinnah, Sardar Patel and Mr. Omandur Ramaswami Reddiar, Premier of Madras, by the members of the Madras Civil Liberties Union urging the release of all political prisoners in the country in connection with the celebration of the Independence Day on August 15.

Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind Appeal For Independence Day

CAWNPORE, July 30 (API): An appeal to all the Muslims of Hindustan to celebreate Independence Day on August 15 with great enthusiasm as the forthcoming freedom is the result of the sacrifices of the members of both the communities, is made by Mr. Abdul Jaleel President, Cawnpore Jamiat-ul-Ulema-i-Hind in a statement.

Mr. Jaleel says that though the partition of India has shocked every sincere patriot of the country but still it must be borne in mind that the partition is temporary and the creation of British rule. India will be united again, he adds.

BRITAIN STRIKES AT HOLLAND

(Continued From Page 1)

capital of Sumatra, and the occupation of Lubungpak and Tebingtinedi.

The Dutch also claimed to have occupied Galiwungu, 15 miles west of Semarang on Java's central north coast.

From Jogjakarta (the Republican Capital) an Indonesian 'communique' to-night claimed that Dutch warships and planes were alternately shelling and bombing Java's main south coast port of Tjilatjap.

Observers predicted an early Dutch landing near this port and an attempted link up with a Dutch column advancing south from the recently captured Tedal, a North Central port, thus cutting the island in two, the 'communique' added.

The Republicans reported earlier that Dutch planes also raided Kepandjen, 12 miles south of Malang, in East Central Java, and Dutch infantry, supported by artillery, took Kaliwungu, 15 miles west of Semarang, on the East Central north coast.

Republican air attacks on Dutch positions on Semarang, and at Salatiga and Ambarawa, in Central Java "gave satisfactory results," the 'communique' added.

Jogjakarta radio said to-night that the bodies of the nine victims of the Dakota plane, shot down near Jogjakarta airfield yesterday, were laid in a row of rough wooden coffins, covered by their national flags to await a state funeral this afternoon in the presence of Dr. Amir Sjarifoedin, the Republican Prime Minister.

The Union Jack covering the coffins of the four British victims were improvised in haste locally for the occasion.

The Indonesians were burried with full Muslim rites.

The emblamed bodies of the four British victims—including the wife of the pilot—are being kept in Jogjakarta pending an answer from the British Consul-General, the report

DUTCH APOLOGIA

A Dutch 'communique' about the "Dakota" plane issued in Batavia said the Dutch plane fired only a warning salvo after which the "Dakota" crashed against a tree.

Dutch airmen told correspondents that the "Dakota" crashed into treetops after diving from 5,000 feet in evasive action without being hit by guns of pursuing planes.

The airmen, Lieut. B. J. Ruesink, aged 27 and Sergeant Major W. E. Erkeleng, 28, both served in Dutch East Indies squadrons with the Royal Australian Air Force during the Pacific war.

Lieut. Ruesink, who fired a warning burst at the "Dakota", said "I was convinced that it was a Japanese type bomber, such as we have over Semarang on the same day. I saw all the explosive bullets from my burst hit the ground.

"The plane dived from 5,000 feet, and must have been travelling at 350 miles an hour, skinning the treetops. When it crashed, its tail, in flames, flew 75 feet into the air, which made me think it must have been carrying ammunition."

LEAGUE PARTY SUPPORTS INDIA GOVT.'S ACTION

NEW DELHI, July 30 (A.P.I.): The Muslim League Party in the Indian Constituent Assembly has passed a resolution supporting the action taken by the Government of India in regard to the Indonesian question.

The resolution reads: "The Muslim League Party in the Constituent Assembly have greatly appreciated the action taken by the Government of India against the Dutch Government whose unjust and unprovoked military action against Indonesia has shocked public opinion throughout the East. The Party earnestly hopes that other Asiatic countries will also take necessary action against the Netherlands Government."

DUTCH PLANE SHOT DOWN

BATAVIA, July 30. (Reuter): A Dutch plane was shot down in the attack launched by Dutch warships and bombers today on Java's main south coast port of Tjilatjab, a Republican communique reported tonight.

The line from Tegal on the north coast to Tjilatjap on the south has often been mentioned as the probable limit of the intended Dutch advance in West Java.

The communique said their forces were still resisting fiercely in Central Java and that line of communication was still cut between Salatiga and Ambarawa, two Dutch outposts south of Semarang on the road to the heart of the Republic at Jogjakarta.

CHOLERA GERMS MISSING FROM RESEARCH INSTITUTE

BATAVIA, July 30. (Reuter): The people of Batavia, the headquarters of the Dutch Government in Java, were warned today that cholera germs were missing from the city's Bacteriological Research Institute.

The germs—thought to be particularly virulent—were believed to have disappeared on July 21 when Dutch police took the Institute's senior research scientist, Dr. Djuhana, brother-in-law of the former Indonesian Premier Dr. Shariar, into custody for 24 hours.

Republican sources said today that the Dutch were holding Dr. Djuhana responsible for the return of the germs within five days.

The newspapers today warned the population to drink only boiled water.

INDIAN MEDICINES FOR INDONESIA

BOMBAY, July 30. (A.P.I.): Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia, Socialist leader, has, today, addressed a telegram to the Government of India requesting for necessary facilities for the supply of medicines to Indonesia.

The telegram reads: "Arranging medical supplies to Indonesia. Aeroplane arranged. Supplies being collected, request necessary facility".

ANOTHER TRAIN HOLD-UP IN PUNJAB

Three Killed And One Injured

AMRITSAR, July 30, (A.P.I.): Three passengers were killed and another injured as a result of a hold up of a passenger train last evening near Tangra a wayside railway station, 15 miles towards Jullundur.

It is reported that when the 194 down passenger train moved from Tangra at 6-30 p.m. about 20 persons armed with guns, revolvers and swords boarded the train and started firing indiscriminately in a third class compartment. Three persons were killed outright while another sustained gunshot and sword injuries.

The assailants are reported to have jumped from the train while it was still in motion and disappeared. The first information about the crime was conveyed to the railway staff when the train stopped at Butari. The railway and district police and military reached the spot almost immediately.

The train then continued its journey with police escort. Vigorous police investigations are in progress.

MORE HOLD-UPS OF TRAINS

AMRITSAR, July 30, (A.P.I.): Apart from the attempted train hold-up at Tangra, a wayside railway station, on Tuesday, two other unsuccessful attempts to hold-up two different trains near Beas on the Jullundur side are reported.

It is officially stated that when a diesel car was proceeding from Amritsar at about 8 p.m. it was fired at. No one was injured. Again towards midnight, some steel bars were placed on rails near Beas when a train was coming to Amritsar. The driver saw the obstruction, stopped the train, removed the barricade and then safely brought it here.

Four persons were murdered in village Daud in the jurisdiction of Beas Police Station.

LAHORE IMPROVING

There was a marked improvement in the communal situation in Lanore today. Only three cases of arson were reported from different localities upto 6 p.m.

A middle-aged man was found dead this morning in a pool of blood near the railway track near Moghulpura Railway Station.

PESHAWAR INCIDENT

PEHAWAR, July 30 (A.P.I.): One man who was assaulted in Ghalla Mandhi, Peshawar City yesterday by three persons managed to escape from the hands of his intruders. It is believed that the man was carrying Rs. 17,000 on his person.

NO IMPROVEMENT IN CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, July 30 (A.P.I.): The communal situation in Howrah showed no improvement to-day and according to unofficial reports, two persons were killed and about a dozen others were injured.

ARMED ATTACK ON BANK

Armed men made an attempt to rob a bank in South Calcutta to-day. A durban who challenged them was shot, and died subsequently in hospital.

The Police made three arrests and recovered one pistol and two revolvers.

The situation in Khargpur and adjoining villages in Midnapore District is authoritatively stated to be under control.

SEVERE 'QUAKE SHOCK IN DEHRA DUN

DEHRA DUN, July 30. (A.P.I.): The survey seismograph recorded an earthquake of great intensity at about 7-15 p.m. yesterday. The estimated distance is about nine hundred miles.

Leadership In Eastern Pakistan

CALCUTTA, July 30 (API): It is believed that the two Bengal Muslim League Leaders, Messrs. Nazimuddin and H. S. Suhrawardy, will contest the leadership of the League Assembly Party in Eastern Pakistan at the forthcoming meeting of legislators.

The meeting, which was originally called for the 3rd August, has now been fixed for the 5th August.

The leader of the League Party in West Bengal will also be elected on the occasion by the League M.L.As from West Bengal. A member of the Central Parliamentary Board of the League is expected to preside over the meeting, which will be divided into two sections, on the present national basis. Muslim League members of the Assam Legislative Assembly from Sylhet will also participate in the meeting of the eastern section.

PAKISTAN FLAG

(From Our Corresponlent.)

KARACHI, July 29.

A move in high-League circles is it is stated, afoot to make some changes in the National Flag for Pakistan so as to make it acceptable to all communities since the present League Flag is purely a communal one.

It is proposed to have three colours in the new Flag of Pakistan too, but the colours will be different than those in the Indian Tricolour Flag. In this new design of the Pakistan Flag, top colour will be red for Hindus, middle will be green for Muslims and the last will be white for other communities. It is suggested to have 'OM' mark on the red piece and moon and star on the green.

Boundary Commission's Terms Of Reference

Henderson Throws Light On Issue In Commons

LONDON, July 30 (Reuter): Mr. Arthur Henderson, Under Secretary for India, said in the House of Commons today that the Terms of Reference of the Boundary Commission instructed it to demarcate the boundaries in question on the basis of ascertaining contiguous majority areas of Moslems and non-Moslems, but stated that in doing so the Commission would also take into account 'other factors'.

Mr. Henderson, who was replying to a question, added: "As I emphasised in my speech in the Committee on Clause 3 of the Indian Independence Act, it is entirely for the Commission itself to decide what these 'other factors' are and how much importance should be attached to all or any of them. The location of the shrines of any community is, therefore, one of the factors which may receive consideration if the Boundary Commission so decides".

Mr. Henderson was replying to Mr. Hugh Linstead (Conservative), who asked whether it was intended that the freedom of the Boundary Commission to take into account 'other factors' than contiguous majority areas was to provide for minor local variations only, or whether substantial inroads into majority areas were contemplated in order to unite minority shrines with their own majority populations.

He also asked if it was intended that the freedom given to the Boundary Commission to take into account 'other factors' than contiguous majority areas should enable the Commission to have regard only to the special circumstances of the Sikh community in the Punjab or whether the location of the religious shrines of other communities would also be a factor to be taken into account by the Commission.

Viceroy Presides Over Separation Council

CALCUTTA, July 30, (A.P.I.): A press communique issued from the Viceroy's camp says:

H. E. the Viceroy presided today at a meeting of the Separation Council which was attended by H. E. the Governor, the Hon'ble Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Khwaja Nazimuddin, Mr. N. R. Sardar and Mr. D. N. Mukherjee.

There was an informal exchange of views on various problems which have confronted the Council and H. E. the Viceroy was able to explain how similar problems are being dealt with elsewhere.

TRIBUNAL FOR PUNJAB AND BENGAL

CALCUTTA, July 30 (U.P.I.): A definite suggestion about the appointment of a Commission to adjudicate disputes arising out of the division of assets and liabilities between the partitioned provinces of Bengal and Punjab is understood to have been made by Lord Mountbatten in the course of his talks while attending the meeting of the Bengal Partition Council this afternoon.

It is learnt that the Viceroy suggested the name of Sir Patrick Spens, Chief Justice of India, as the Chairman of the proposed Commission.

ENSURING INDEPENDENCE DAY CELEBRATIONS

Proposals To Be Placed Before Mountbatten

CALCUTTA, July 30 (U.P.I.): From talks in informed circles here it is gathered that one of the important questions likely to be placed for Lord Mountbatten's consideration on behalf of the West Bengal Ministry is how best to provide for proper celebration of the Independence Day on August 15 next.

The United Press of India learns from the same source that a suggestion has been made for adequate disposition of military pickets at all likely areas of trouble in the city and suburbs for a period of fortnight commencing from August 7 guarding against any untoward incidents and marring the programme chalked out for the Independence Day celebrations.

EAST BENGAL'S CLAIMS ON CALCUTTA

Another important issue which is understood to have arisen in connection with the division of assets and liabilities between East Bengal and West Bengal Governments relates to the present condition of Calcutta with all its public buildings and modern amenities.

It is understood that on behalf of the West Bengal Government it has been contended that the East Bengal Government should be entitled to fair compensation with regard to those developments which have taken place after the transfer of India's capital from Calcutta to New Delhi in 1911 inasmuch as the whole of India had contributed to Calcutta's development till 1910. It is presumed that Lord Mountbatten's advice would be sought on this issue.

New Provision For Arbitration

NEW DELHI, July 30 (A.P.I.): The two committees set up by the Conference of Rulers and Ministers last week to discuss the Draft Instrument of Accession and the "standstill" agreement and cognate matters have submitted their reports, it is reliably learnt.

It is understood that the drafts are unchanged except for minor alterations. A fresh clause has been put into the Instrument of Accession which emphasises the sovereignty of the Rulers within their domains in respect of unceded subjects. Minor changes in the proposed standstill agreement include, it is understood, a new provision for arbitration in terms of the Indian Arbitration Act in respect of disputes between the States on the one hand and the Union or the provinces on the other.

The reports have been forwarded to the States Department.

In regard to such of those States which have expressed their desire not to sign the Instrument of Accession and join the Federation but enter into direct relationship with the Dominion Government based on treaties to be negotiated, it is understood Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Member-in-charge of the States Department has made it clear during informal talks with representatives of such States that they should, in the first instance, accede to the Dominion. Special agreements and modifications in the "standstill" agreement could only be considered after their accession. Thus the position of such of those States which might "hold out" is at present obscure.

After Lord Mountbatten's address to the Rulers and Ministers and the subsequent elucidation he gave at the conference, political circles here believe that the Accession of all the States to the Union is practically certain.

It is understood that the Gaekwar of Baroda, the Maharaja of Gwalior and certain other Princes have gone to Indore to "persuade" the Maharaja to accede to the Dominion.

Viramgam News

(From Our Correspondent)

VIRAMGAM, July 28.

Mr. Dhebar, leading Rajasthan worker of Rajkot passed through here on way to New Delhi to see Sardar Patel on the 26th evening. It transpires that the proposed visit is in regard to the Talukdars' problem. On arrival here he experienced difficulty at the Customs search window as the official on duty is reported not only to have asked for the entire search of the luggage, but he is understood to have said that he suspected the kit. Mr. Dhebar, objected to the way in which the search was sought to be carried out as he maintained that, as a general practice, only selective search had to be effected. He drew the attention of the Senior Inspector on duty to this.

Housing shortage is getting more acute here and the middle class people are put to great trouble. It appears that efforts at solving this on co-operative basis are slowly under way.

For utter lack of adequate sitting accommodation here, the local high school has had to resort to conducting two shifts a day for the students. In the several parts of rural area, the progress of compulsory primary education scheme partially suffers from this.

Deccan States Union Scheme

SANGLI, July 29 (API): The proposed Deccan States Union Scheme is expected to materialise on or before August 15, according to reports reaching here from New Delhi today. The constitutional draft prepared by Mr. K. M. Munshi is understood to have been approved both by the Congress leaders and the States representatives with some changes. The covenant to be signed by the rulers joining the Deccan States Union Scheme is also understood to be ready.

INDORE TO FOLLOW TRAVANCORE

More Speculations About Governorships Of Congress Provinces

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 30.

H. H. the Maharaja of Indore is expected here on August 10 or earlier and is likely to be persuaded by his Maharatta princely colleagues to break away from Bhopal and join the Indian Dominion.

The Governors' revised list according to lobbies includes Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, who has been allotted West Bengal. The United Provinces go to Dr. B. C. Roy, C P. to Mr. Mangaldas Pakvasa, Bihar to Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram, Orissa to Dr. K. N. Katju and East Punjab to Sir Chandulal Trivedi.

Sir Akbar Hydari stays on in Assam, Sir Archibald Nye in Madras and Sir John Colville in Bombay.

The only certainties so far for the Central Cabinet are Pt. Nehru, Sardar Patel, Dr. Rajen Babu, Mr. Jagjiwan Ram, Mr. C H. Bhabha, Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, Dr. S. P. Mukherji and Sardar Baldeo Singh.

HYDERABAD TO ACCEDE TO INDIAN DOMINION?

(Continued From Page 1)

to accede to the Indian Union, it is authoritatively learnt here.

Intimating this decision, the Travancore Government, it is understood, have stated that this would be subject to two conditions, firstly, that Travancore should have the right to retain a trade commissioner in London and elsewhere and, secondly, that it should have the right to appoint representatives to Pakistan "through the Government of India".

NIZAM'S ENVOYS TO DELHI IGNORED POPULAR MINISTERS

Ittehadul Muslemin President's Charge

HYDERABAD, (Dn). July 28. (delayed) (API): There have been differences among the Members of the Hyderabad Delegation which went to Delhi to join the constitutional talks held by the Viceroy, in regard to the attitude Hyderabad should adopt towards the all-important question of joining the Indian Union or not, according to a statement issued by Mr. Syed Kasim Razvi, President of the Majlisi Ittehadul Muslemin, the Muslim party of the State.

The Delegation was led by the Nawab of Chhatari, Prime Minister, other members being Nawab Ali Yavar Jung Bahadur, Minister for Constitutional Affairs, Sir Walter Monckton, Constitutional Adviser to the Nizam's Government, Mr. Abdur Rahim, Labour Minister and Mr. Pingle Venkata Rama Reddy, Civil Supplies Minister, the last two being elected Ministers.

Mr. Razvi who had also been to Delhi, where he is reported to have met Mr. Jinnah, says that the two popular Ministers were not taken into confidence by the three other Members of the Delegation who did not work in co-operation with them. Further that they resiled from the stand taken by the Delegation as a whole before leaving for Delhi where the "popular" Ministers were not given an opportunity to voice their opinion and "were not consulted or apprise of important details and decisions."

In the circumstances, Mr. Razvi says, both the popular Ministers presented a note to the Nawab of Chhatari expressing their views that they would not take part in future in the Constitutional talks. "Mr. Abdur Rahim had made it clear in his note that if Defence, Communications and Foreign Affairs formed part of the agenda of the Delegation's meetings with the Viceroy he would not participate in them and if Sir Walter Monckton and Nawab Ali Yavar Jung persisted in their views, he would oppose them strongly."

DIRECT ACTION IN HYDERABAD

Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslemin To Fight For States' Independence

HYDERABAD, (Dn.), July 28 (A. P. I.): The possibility of direct action being launched by the Majlis-e-Ittehadul Muslemin if the results of the Hyderabad Delegation's constitutional talks in Delhi are not satisfactory from the Majlis point of view, is stressed in two separate statements by Mr. Syed Kasim Razvi, President of the Majlis and Mr. Yamin Zuberi convener of the Direct Action Committee of the Majlis.

The Majlis has already formulated its views on the future constitutional position of Hyderabad, which is for complete independence and supporting the "firman" issued the Nizam deciding not to join either of the two Constituent Assemblies.

Muslims, he says, cannot "remain mere spectators of this drama." He calls upon the Muslims to be prepared for any struggle launched by the Direct Action Committee of the Majlis.

Mr. Zuberi reveals that "all important and responsible members as well as workers of the Majlis have been instructed to be ready for any emergency."

Nizam's Govt. Orders Inquiry

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) July 28 (API): The Nizam's Government have decided to appoint an Enquiry Committee into the recent police firing at Raikote, consisting of Mr. Pingle Venkata Rama Reddy, Supply Minister, and Mr. Abdur Rahim, Labour and Local Government Minister, it is stated officially

CANADA'S '47 WHEAT CROP WORST IN 40 YEARS

SASKATOON, (Canada), July 30 (Reuter): Senator A. B. Horner (Conservative-Saskatchewan), saying that Canada's 1947 wheat crop would be worst in 40 years, today called for a ban on wheat exports to conserve feed and seed.

"We should not let a single bushel to go out of Canada", he said in an interview.

D. F. Karaka:

Off My Chest

Mr. Brijnarain Sheonarain, B.A., LL.B of the Podar Trading Co. Ltd. and the Indian Springe Works with three phones (34390, 32496, 27065) and three Telegraphic code addresses, of Mangalwadi (Girgaum) has addressed a letter to me on cow-slaughter, the more brilliant extracts from which are reproduced here below.

Mr. Brijnarain Sheonarain, B.A., LL.B, says:—

Dear Mr. Karaka,

I feel I know you intimately although you may not know me at all. As one of the Chroniclers of the Last Page in the Weekly Chronicle for some time and the author of so many splendid books like 'Out of Dust' and 'I Have Shed My Tears' (others I have not read but can presume that they should be of the same standard) you have endeared yourself to me. But having learnt recently that you are the author of the daily half column of 'Off the chest' in the 'Bombay Chronicle,' I couldn't believe my misfortune!! I have never seen a columnist so stupid and foolish as this and I was amazed to see your name linked with it. The only explanation I can find is that unless you had such columns to cleanse out all the dross off your chest and leave pure gold as residue you could not write such brilliant books!

Are you a columnist there or an exhibitor of your personal likes, dislikes, grudges and prejudices? And you pour out your venom of sentiments with such self-assuring poise that at least I feel as if you suffer from an overdose of Egoism due to some mental derangement. Your person with a capital P is more important and you expect the readers to suffer the ordeal of reading your day to day stupid personal controversies.

Your views on prohibition, horse-racing and other Hindu rads of the Congress were already raking my nerves but your today's indirect views on Cow slaughter have almost been revolting to me.

* * *

The difference between some people and some people is that some people are revolted at Cow-Slaughter while they don't turn a hair at the slaughter of innocents other than cows. Others feel VICE-VERSA. I am the VERSA type, Brijnarain.

There's another paper in the city, owned by another philanthropist who has dedicated the rest of his life to the question of cow-slaughter. Your remarks would be more appreciated in a letter to the editor of that paper.

Speaking for myself I am willing to give up my right to eat a beef-steak in Free India, if you and other devotees of 'the abolition of cow-slaughter accede to the wishes of 90% of the people (the phrase is in your letter) and distribute your wealth among the 90%.

* * *

The day Seth Dalmia gives the "Times of India" as a free gift to the nation (complete with its advertising) I'll go on a vegetarian diet for a week as a mark of respect.

Till then, you and your kind make me equally sick, (moreover, I am not the "Chronicler" of the Last Page.)

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Governor of Bombay received the Thakor of Sanand and Mr. Nigandas Master.

Lady Colville, attended by Captain H. D. S. Hardie, A.D.C., left Bombay for Ganeshkhind.

His Excellency visited the Royal Asiatic Society's Library, at the Town Hall.

IRAQ'S STERLING BALANCES

Temporary Agreement With Britain

LONDON, July 30 (APA): Britain and Iraq have reached temporary agreement over the settlement of Iraq's nearly 70,000,000 pound wartime sterling balance, authoritative Whitehall sources reported today.

The most important provision in the agreement is likely to be release of 15,000,000 pounds of Iraq's holdings in equal annual instalments over the next five years, the sources said.

INDIAN VOLUNTEERS FOR INDONESIA

LAHORE, July 30. (U.P.I.): The All-India Youth Congress has decided to send one thousand volunteers including doctors, nurses and demobilised soldiers to Indonesia to fight on the side of the Republican Army.

Sardar Harbhajan Singh, Vice-President of the Congress Committee, is shortly leaving for Delhi to meet Dr. Shahrir and Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru in connection with the despatch of the volunteer force. The first batch of two hundred volunteers is expected to leave India in the first week of September.

MADRAS M.L.A. JAILED

TRICHINOPOLY, July 30 (API): Mr. K. Anandan Nambiar, a Communist member of the Madras Legislative Assembly, was convicted and sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment yesterday by the Sessions Judge, Trichinopoly, for offences under Section 5 (2) of the Official Secrets Act.

The accused, it is alleged, submitted to the Assistant Secretary of the Legislative Assembly, a true copy of a confidential document of the Public Department dated November 20, 1946 carrying the heading "Measures to Counteract Communist Activities in the Madras Province", along with his starred questions.

Sind Muslim College Strike

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 28.

All attempts to call off the strike of Sind Muslim college students having failed, the authorities have declared that the college will remain closed till 31st August and the building will be utilised for housing Pakistan Government staff.

U. N. SECURITY COUNCIL FACES ANOTHER CRISIS

Russia Vetoes U. S. Balkans Proposals: Bitter Opposition By Other Delegates

Lake Success, July 29 (UPA)

Russia today vetoed the United States proposals for the long range border watch in the Balkans, bringing the Security Council toward, perhaps, the gravest moment in its career.

The United States charged today that Russia plunged the United Nations into a grave crisis as a result of Gromyko's veto of the plan to establish a permanent Balkans Investigating Commission.

The other delegates reacted bitterly and vociferously to the veto.

Red-faced and fuming, Australia's William Hodgson walked up to Gromyko after the 80-minute showdown meeting and asked why he had not shown his hand two weeks ago and saved everybody's time.

Unsmiling Gromyko shot back: "I thought that the Security Council could use a little rest"—in a sarcastic reference to the fact that the Council has considered nothing but the illfated United States proposals for the last 16 days.

Syria's Faris el Khouri condemned the veto as obstructionism and said that it would have done no harm if Russia permitted the Council to investigate the Balkans as the United States proposed.

With a simple flip of his right arm Gromyko ended the more than four weeks of tense guessing. When Poland's Oscar Lange current Council president, asked for the negative votes on the entire resolution, Gromyko barely raised his arm to signify no

PLUNGED INTO CRISIS

Through 11 earlier votes on individual paragraphs of the United States proposals, Gromyko sat silently— refusing to votes yes or no and building the delegates and the tense audience up to the expectation that Russia might refrain from voting all the way, thus permitting establishment of the Balkans commission.

The United States deputy delegate Herschel Johnson, following the veto promptly asked for an immediate adjournment of the Balkan debate, to permit the delegates of the Western powers to consult their Governments on the matter.

During the section by section vote, occasionally one nation or another would vote negatively. It was in asking for recess until Wednesday, that Johnson, with his anger evident, warned Gromyko that Russia plunged the United Nations into its gravest crisis.

Russia today vetoed the United States proposals for the long-range border watch in the Balkans, bringing the Security Council toward, perhaps the gravest moment in its career.

The Soviet delegate, Andrei Gromyko, cast Russia's 11th veto vote to kill the United States plan for a semi-permanent Investigating Commission to quell the trouble between Greece and the Governments of Albania, Bulgaria and Yugoslavia.

The vetoed American plan was supported by nine of the Council's 11 nations. Poland and Gromyko voting no. It aimed at implementing the report of the temporary Balkans Investigating Commission which reported to the Council five months ago, that the three countries north of Greece, were guilty of supporting the guerilla campaign aimed at upsetting the Greek Government.

Angry American and Greek officials indicated that they might re-open the bitter dispute without delay this time invoking the punitive sections of the Charter and directly charging the three northern countries with aggression against Greece.

Gromyko's veto climaxed a month-long debate which brought from the Western countries the grim warning that the Council might as well tear up the Charter and pack up if it failed to have enacted the United States proposals.

Aimed at settling the Balkans strife peacefully, the plan, besides establishing a commission representing the 11 nations of the Security Council, also would have called on the four Balkans Governments to:

Firstly establish normal good-neighbourly relations as soon as possible.

Secondly, arrange voluntary exchanges of minority groups.

Thirdly, submit to internationalization of refugee camps within their borders.

Fourthly give direct access and loyal co-operation to the semi-permanent Balkans Commission during its investigations and attempts to conciliate the squabbling between the Governments.

The Soviet veto was cast after the United States had turned back the French and Australian attempts to bar the big powers from the proposed commission.

Bengal Governor's Call To Police

Exhorts Them To Give Their Best To New Govt.

CALCUTTA, July 30, (A.P.I.): Addressing a parade of the Calcutta police today, His Excellency the Governor of Bengal Sir Fredrick Burrows said that in a fortnight's time the successor Government would take charge of the fortunes of this great city of Calcutta. The Calcutta police must make their resolve to give their best to the new Government, to carry out their duties loyally and to do equal justice towards all men.

His Excellency added that worldwide interest would attend the birth of the new Dominions of the Commonwealth and Calcutta, as the greatest city in all the Dominions, would be a centre of careful observation.

Looking back on the past, the Governor said that all reasonable men should acknowledge that the Calcutta police had served the city well and diligently.

His Excellency presented Police Medals to the recipients.

Mr. H. S. Suhrawardy, Chief Minister of Bengal told the parade that the Bengal partition would make grave changes in the communal proportion of the population of East Bengal and West Bengal. It would result in a necessary change in the attitude of one community towards the other. He earnestly trusted that there would be more toleration, more friendship, more contacts and more mutual reliance between the various communities.

HINDU SABHA SATYAGRAHA IN U. P.

LUCKNOW, July 30, (U.P.I.): Following the breakdown of negotiations between the Provincial Government and the Hindu Sabha a decision to launch "Direct Action" on August 1 was announced at a press conference by Mahant Digbi Jayanti, President of the U.P. Sabha. Mahantji has been appointed First dictator.

VAPI JAIN SWETAMBER SANGH

A Public Meeting of Vapi Jain Swetamber Sangh was held under Presidentship of Acharya Srimal Vijay Labdhisuriswarji Maharaj. It strongly criticised the deliberations of Dhvajadand Commission and protested against its decision as the same was not acceptable to Jains.

The Meeting further declared that the money of the Jain Temple be used for the benefit of the Jain Temples only.

In the end the meeting requested all persons concerned in the matter viz., the Prime Minister, Udepur, Jain Swetamber Sangh, Udepur, Mr. K. M. Munshi, New Delhi, Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President Devasthan Committee, Udepur, to seek guidance from Swetamber Jain Priests in making use of the money belonging to Rishabdevji's temple and expressed a hope that steps would be taken immediately to remove ill-feelings created by the decision of Dhvajadand Commission.

FAR EASTERN PEACE TREATY

Britain Favours Conference Of Major Interested Parties

LONDON, July 30, (Reuter): Britain favours conducting all discussions about the Far Eastern peace treaty settlement through a full conference of the eleven major interested parties rather than through the Council of Foreign Ministers, it was reliably learned here.

Consequently it was not expected that Whitehall would agree to the Soviet proposal made to the United States Government on July 22, that preparations for a meeting of the Council of Foreign Ministers on the Far Eastern Peace should be made immediately in Washington by the Ambassadors of Britain, France, China and the Soviet Union a representative of the United States Government.

This proposal was made by the Soviet Government when rejecting a United States suggestion that an 11-Power Conference on the Japanese Peace Treaty should be convened in Washington as early as August 19.

The full text of the Soviet reply to Washington has not been formally communicated to the British Government, it was reliably learned. But the British view that the Council of Foreign Ministers is not the best Agency to handle the peace settlement with Japan is already well known in Washington.

The main British objection to preparing the Far Eastern peace on the same lines as the peace treaties with European states is the overwhelming interest in Pacific affairs felt by British dominions.

Though the Potsdam agreement did not limit the functions of the council of foreign ministers to the preparation of the European peace treaties it is felt in Whitehall that this was the main purpose for which the council was set up.

Since the British attitude has for some time been familiar to the state department, well-informed quarters here believe the United States Government will realise that the Soviet plan for an ambassadorial conference to prepare for a meeting of the Foreign Ministers Council on the Far East would not be favoured in Whitehall.

France Accepts Invitation

PARIS, July 30, (Reuter): The French Government today sent a note to the United States State Department in Washington accepting the United States' proposal for a conference on August 19 to pave the way for the Japanese peace settlement meeting.

An official statement issued here tonight said: "The French Government, anxious to see France placed on the same footing as the other nations interests in the preparation of the Japanese peace treaty, sees no objection to the holding of a conference of experts prior to, or following the meeting of the foreign ministers."

The Soviet Government has already rejected the United States proposal while Britain and the dominions have asked for a postponement because the date clashes with a commonwealth discussion of the same subject already arranged for August 2 at Canberra.

Disputes Among Bullion Merchants

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Tendolkar)

Messrs. Chimanram Motilal .... Plaintiffs.

vs.

Messrs. Bisesarlal Chirawawala & others ..... Defendants

The plaintiffs and the first defendants are bullion merchants and members of the Bombay Bullion Exchange Ltd. (2nd defendant company). Defendants 3, 4 and 5 are members of a sub-committee of the Clearing House of the Exchange appointed to dispose of the disputes between the plaintiffs and certain other members.

The plaintiffs had purchased very large quantities of silver bars for delivery No. 18 for which the due date was 6th March, 1946. As a result of those transactions the plaintiffs had to take delivery of 4,378 bars for that delivery. Orders in respect of these bars through the Clearing House of the Exchange one of which received on 6th March, 1946 for 331 bars was signed by defendants 1, and another received on 8th March 1946 for 30 bars was also signed by defendants 1. Rule 28 of the Rules of Business of the Exchange provided that whenever import duty was levied or increased the purchaser was bound to pay the additional amount of such duty.

On 28th February, 1946, presenting the budget to the Indian Legislative Assembly the Finance Member of the Government of India announced that the import duty on silver was to be increased by Rs. 10/5/- per 100 tolas. It was accompanied by a declaration under the Provisional Collection of Taxes that such duty was to have immediate effect subject to a right of refund if it did not become law. The plaintiffs contended that Rule 28 was 'ultra vires' the Bullion Exchange and/or the Joint Committee of the Exchange which had framed it, and denied his liability to pay the amount of the increased import duty in respect of his purchases in deliver No. 18. In the meantime the Joint Committee of the Exchange passed resolutions extending the due dates for delivery and for holding an auction (in case of default) to 8th March, 1946 and 9th March, 1946 respectively. On 6th April, 1946 the plaintiffs were informed that the disputes that had arisen in respect of delivery No. 18 between them and others had been referred to Sub-Committee of the Clearing House consisting of defendants 3, 4 and 5 for determination. The plaintiffs contended that the Sub-Committee had no jurisdiction to determine those disputes. They, however, appeared under protest. The Sub-Committee by its decision communicated to the plaintiffs on 2nd May, 1946 ordered the plaintiffs to pay into the Clearing House Rs. 80,995/4/- on account of the first defendants in respect of the 331 bars but gave no decision with regard to the 30 bars. On 4th May 1946 the plaintiffs paid this amount to the Exchange without prejudice to their rights and contentions. On 7th May, 1946 the plaintiffs filed the present suit for a declaration that Rule 28 was 'ultra vires', that the decision of the Sub-Committee was not binding on them and be set aside, that the first defendants be ordered to pay Rs. 1,26,924/- to the plaintiffs as damages for breach of their obligation, and that the Exchange or defendants 1 be ordered to repay the sum of Rs. 80,995/4/- paid by them to the Exchange. Since the filing of the suit the Exchange had paid over this sum to defendants 1.

The first defendants on the other hand contended that it was the plaintiffs who had committed breach of their obligations and claimed to set-off Rs. 82,832/12/- calculated at the rate as on the 6th or 7th March, 1946 as the due date, in the event of the court ordering a refund of Rs. 80,995/4/- to the plaintiffs. They contended that the resolutions extending the due dates for delivery and auction were illegal and void.

JUDGMENT

His Lordship held that Rule 28 was not 'ultra vires' the Exchange and was clearly within the object mentioned in clause 3 (1) of its Memorandum "to establish just and equitable principles in the trade...." If it was not 'ultra vires' the Exchange but only 'ultra vires' the Joint Committee of the Exchange, the plaintiffs could have no remedy in a Court of Law but should have appealed to the Exchange.

Arbitration being under the Rules of the Exchange, a condition precedent to any party seeking relief in a Court of Law, His Lordship held that neither the claim for damages made by the plaintiff nor the claim for damages made by the defendant in his set-off were maintable in the present suit.

After an exhaustive review of all the relevant Rules of the Exchange, His Lordship held that the SubCommittee of the Clearing House had no jurisdiction to deal with the disputes in question as they did not relate to the business of the Clearing House and therefore passed a decree in favour of the plaintiffs against defendants 1 for Rs. 80,995/4/- pair under protest by the plaintiffs pursuant to that decision.

His Lordship further accepted the plaintiffs' submission that the Resolutions extending the due dates for delivery and auction were valid, that the extended dates were binding on both the parties, and that the measure of damages should be as on the extended date of auction, viz. 9th March, 1946.

His Lordships ordered defendants 1 to pay one-third of the plaintiffs' costs, but ordered the plaintiffs to pay defendants 2 (the Exchange) half their costs.

Mr. H. D. Banaji and Mr. J. R. Vimadalal instructed by Messrs. Mulla & Mulla appeared for the plaintiffs.

The Advocate-General and Mr. K. T. Desai instructed by Messrs. Motichand & Devdas appeared for defendants 1.

Mr. M. P. Amin and Mr. V. F. Taraporevala instructed by Messrs. Kanga & Co. appeared for defendants 2.

Defendants 3, 4 and 5 did not appear.

PROVINCES URGE CONTINUANCE OF TEXTILE CONTROL

Plea Of Deficit Economy

NEW DELHI, July 30 (A.P.I.): Immediate increase in textile production and greater availability of cloth to the public will be the only objects of any revision in textile policy. This was the assurance given by Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, Member for Industries and Supplies, India), while presiding over a Confrence of Ministers and representatives of Provinces and States, held in New Delhi on July 29.

The Conference, which was purely consultative in character, was attended by representatives of all the Provinces, including Sind, North-West Frontier Province, the West Punjab and East Bengal and representatives of a number of states such as Mysore, Gawlior, Indore and Hyderabad among those who participated in the discussions were Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Dewan of Mysore, Pandit Gobind Vallabh Pant, Premier of C.P. and Quazi Ataullah, Minister, N.W.F.P. Mr. S. Avenkata-Raman, Secretary, I A.F.S. Department (India) and Mr. Dharma Vira, Textile Commissioner were present on behalf of the Central Government.

REGIONAL COMMITTEES TO ENFORCE GOVT.'S SCHEME

Discussions in the conference revealed that a majority of Provinces and States preferred continuance of textile control. Representatives of some areas such as Mysore, Orissa and C. P. pointed out from their experience that while control was inevitable in a deficit economy, it could at the same time be made to work on an equitable and democratic basis. The defect at present lay, they stressed, in there being too inadequate supplies and not in the inherent principle of the present distribution machinery.

Further discussions related to the concrete proposals submitted by the Industrial Committee of the Textile Control Board and an Ad Hoc Committee appointed some time back to recommend measures to step up textile production. These proposals included the setting up of Regional Committees to enforce the Government's Standardization Scheme. It was also proposed to permit the industry to sell the surplus production, which might result hereafter, in its own shops located in various points in the country. A special advantage in this proposal was that it enabled the realisation of a certain margin of profit to be earmarked for purposes of subsidising cloth distribution among the poorer sections of the community.

The conference favoured the abolition of the system of quota holders, especially in those cases where such middlemen did not render any necessary service in the promotion of production or distribution.

The Ad Hoc Committee's recommendations for the revision of the price structure were also examined. The conference recognised the need to reduce the difference between the prices of coarse and finer varieties in order to give the mills an incentive to produce more of the former for the poor man's consumption.

While the discussions were consultative in character, the member for industries and supplies assured the conference that the different points of view taken by the representatives and their various suggestions would be taken into consideration before the Central Government arrived at any final decision on the issues discussed at the conference.

U. P. TO COMMUTE SENTENCES OF DEATH ON PRISONERS

LUCKNOW, July 29. (A. P. I.): Prisoners in U. P. jails, who are awaiting execution, may be saved from the gallows. The U. P. Government, it is learned, have under consideration a proposal to commute sentences of death on prisoners in celebration of August 15.

Officials in the districts have been asked by the Government to recommend the release of certain categories of prisoners in their respective district.

KALYAN TENANTS' GRIEVANCES

(From Our Correspondent.)

KALYAN, July 28.

A public meeting of the citizens of Kalyan was held on 26th July the local Tenants' Association when Dr. V. W. Phadke presided. Mr. Virchand Shet, spoke on the need to check the growing menace of rapacious landlords. Dr. Phadke said that many house-owners had given notices to their tenants and shop-keepers increasing the rents and for vacating the premises. He assured the gathering that to represent the case of the harassed tenants to a deputation grant on the Government of Bombay shortly. Some of the merchants who attended the meeting gave donations to the Tenants' Association and a sum of Rs. 275 was collected on the spot.

The Mahila Utkarsha Mandal, Kalyan, had organised classes in 1st Aid and nine students are reported to have successfully passed the examination. Classes in Home Nursing are to be started soon.

NEW METHOD OF NEWSPAPER PRINTING

Eliminates Linotype, Matrices And Stereos

NEW YORK, July 30 (APA): Development of a new newspaper printing method designed to eliminate use of Linotype machines, Matrices, and Stereotype Plates has been announced by John H. Perry, Jr., Chairman, and Farwell W. Perry, President, of the William J. Higgins Company.

Entire pages are printed directly from a single sheet of engraved magnesium which weighs less than a pound, compared with 46 pounds for a conventional stereotype plate, the brothers Perry said.

Composition of type is done by proportional spacing typewriters, the Perrys said, and typewriting machines have been developed to permit writing headlines by the same method.

"The process completely changes the composing room as it exists today", the announcement. "The copy goes directly from the typewriters to the make-up boards and from there into the engraving room.

"The copy need not be returned to the editor for proof reading as composition errors are, by the photographic nature of the process, completely eliminated".

Research leading to the development was conducted at Ocala, Florida. The company said the process has been used for several months in publication of the 12-page weekly paper, Leesburg commercial ledger, in Florida.

The Perrys are executive officers of the Western Newspaper Union, a Newspaper Service Company, and are sons of its President.

The announcement said installations of the new process would be undertaken by the Higgins Company as soon as production is completed on necessary composition and engraving machinery.

INDIAN HISTORY CONGRESS

10th Session To Be Held In Bombay In December Next

A bulletin issued from the Bombay Office of the Indian History Congress says:—

The tenth session of the Indian History Congress will be held in Bombay, during the last week of December, 1947, at the invitation of the Bombay Historical Society and the University of Bombay. The object of the Congress is to encourage and promote scientific study of Indian history, to bring to light more and more sources dealing with our past and to prepare and publish an authoritative history of India. Scholars from academic institutions and learned societies of the Asian nations are being invited and are expected to attend. Professor Muhammed Habib of the Muslim University, Aligarh, has agreed to preside over the Session and guide its deliberations.

It is a happy coincidence that the History Congress should meet in the city which saw the beginning of British Rule in India. Bombay with its rich historic associations offers a suitable venue for discussions by scholars who have specialised in various branches of Indian History and aspects of Indian life.

Exhibitions showing old antiquities, coins, manuscripts, etc., will be arranged on the occasion. A strong reception committee under the Chairmanship of the Hon. Mr. Mangaldas Pakwasa has been formed to organise arrangements for the session. Mr. S. R. Dongerkery, Prof. N. A. Nadvi and others connected with the academic life of the city have very kindly agreed to work on it. Dr. P. M. Joshi is the Local Secretary for the session.

Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act To Be Amended

SURAT, July 30, (A. P. I.): The Bombay Government propose to introduce adult franchise for elections to the Municipalities and Local Boards in the province. In this connection the Government have invited the views of the various local self-governing bodies.

Legislation, it is understood, will be introduced in the next session of the Provincial Assembly to amend the Local Self-Government and the Bombay Municipal Boroughs Act in the light of the opinions expressed by the various bodies.

RUSSIA MAY DEVELOP MODERN CAPITALISM!

NEW YORK, July 30, (UPA): Harold Stassen, in an article written in the current issue of "The Ladies' Home Journal," says that if the United States succeeds in avoiding economic crashes and in achieving a rising standard of living it will offer a powerful invitation to the Soviet Russian leaders to develop a similar system.

Stassen, an announced candidate for President, said that such a change "would be the best hope of better conditions for the people of Russia and for the peace of the entire world".

He said that if the Russians move toward modern capitalism, it would require the gradual re-establishment of the small merchants, progressive decentralization of production and the increasing establishment of the profit motive for management.

"Whether or not it will take place", he declared "cannot be predicted with any assurance at this time, but if we are successful in demonstrating that our modern people's capitalism in America can avoid an economic crisis and crashes and will not become imperialistic while maintaining very high production and a high-rising standard of living for the workers and people as a whole, then there will be a powerful invitation to Russia's leaders to profit by our experience and develop modern capitalism."

COMMUNIST ACQUITTED IN APPEAL

NAGPUR, July 30, (U.P.I.): A full bench of the Nagpur High Court consisting of Justice C. R. Hemeon and Justice Hydayatullah allowed the appeal preferred by Mr. Om Prakash Metha, a Communist of Nagpur, against the conviction of nine months' rigorous imprisonment under Section 124 Cr. P. C.

Their Lordships set aside the conviction against Mr. Metha and acquitted him.

National Air Academy At Bareilly

K. L. Thapan Starts Pioneer Training Institute For Free India

Krishnalal Thapan.

Aviation in India will find a great fillip when, with the advent of independence, the country will have its first well equipped air training institute run on modern lines with K. L. Thapan as the commandant.

The institution has been christened the National Air Academy and it will be located in Bareilly, (U.P.).

Air training in India has so far been provided by flying clubs subsidized by the Government. The National Air Academy will supplement the work of these clubs and provide a complete course of training in both flying and ground engineering at a reasonable cost. The Academy will be a non-profit making institution and will depend for finances on private help.

There will be three types of courses in flying depending on whether a prospective pilot wishes to learn flying as a hobby or to take A or B class licence in commercial flying. There will be a separate Ground Engineer's course and a Pilot Instructor's course. There will also be courses for second class Navigators' licence and Radio Telegraph Operators' licence. All these courses will enable students to come up to the level prescribed by the Government and to sit for examinations conducted by the Civil Aviation Department.

The Academy expects to be able to provide training to 200 students at a time. It is learned that it will start functioning by September.

The National Air Academy is the very first institution of its kind to be opened anywhere in the East.

The object of the Academy was to meet a long felt and outstanding need to offer to students of Indian nationality and other allied nationalities of the East, a standard of flying and technical training on land and sea hitherto unobtainable. It was necessary that an enterprise of this kind should be modern in its equipment, thorough in its methods, advanced in thought and authoritative in its teaching. All this is being embodied in the National Air Academy.

Ever since the early history of aviation, Indian youth ever eager to ride the skies, found little or no facility to delve into the latest and the most scientific inventions of Man.

Since 1930, the beginning of Civil Aviation in India, up to date, no facility has been available to Indians in their own country to receive flying and technical training in a disciplined and methodical manner. There have been Flying Clubs functioning but they do not offer comprehensive courses or any systematic syllabus embracing all the aspects of flying and technical training.

POLICY OF THE ACADEMY

The National Air Academy was formed with the intention of developing civil aviation in India considered a luxury previous to 1939 and which today is an absolute necessity.

"The policy of the Academy is, and always will be to further the progress of aviation and to raise the standard generally by equipping its pupils with the most thorough and up to date flying and technical knowledge."

The Commandant, K. L. Thapan a pioneer learned to fly in 1921, with the very first and very few Indians of the country.

Since then he has twice been abroad to the United Kingdom both before and after World War II in connection with Civil Aviation.

In addition to having studied flying, aeronautical and mechanical engineering, he has visited almost all leading aircraft factories and works with a view to eventually offering the benefit of his experience and study abroad, to the youth of his own country.

He has also inspected and studied the methods of "Air Service Training" Hamble, Southampton, on the lines of which this Academy will run, and which apart from being the first institution of its kind in the world stands today as the largest and most completely equipped Aeronautical Training Establishment in the world.

With this wealth of experience behind him, the Commandant has been selected to assume his appointment, in an establishment of such great importance to the Nation's future in the world of Aviation.

WOMEN BACK STATES' PEOPLE

A. I. Women's Executive Also Demand Nationalisation Of Textiles

(From Our Correspondent.)

JUBBULPORE, July 28.

The Standing Committee of All-India Women's Conference meeting under the Presidentship of Lady Rama Rau at Jubbulpore unanimously passed resolutions which in effect stated as State's sovereignty rested in the people and not in the Princes, Indian freedom and unity can become reality only when democratic Government is established in the States in conformity with the principle; Princes who have joined the Constituent Assembly should help in framing Independent India's democratic constitution and they should apply the same principles to their own people and end their repressive policy.

The committee condemned the tendencies of some Princes to break up India's Unity by keeping aloof from the Constituent Assembly and emphasised that People's wish must prevail.

The committee congratulated Srimati Vijayalaxmi Pandit on her appointment as India's first Ambassador to Russia.

The committee urged the Government to launch a ruthless campaign against black marketeers and ban export of cloth and demanded nationalisation of Textile Mills.

The committee pledged its fullest support to all the progressive forces in the country in order to foster peace and harmony among the people

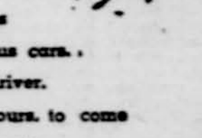
'Quake Tremors In Calcutta And Gauhati

GAUHATI, July 30, (A. P. I.): Three or four earthquake tremors in quick succession and of moderate intensity were felt here at about 8 p.m. today. The tremors, which lasted about one minute, were accompanied by rumbling sound. The electric supply failed, and the whole town was plunged into darkness for a time. No reports of damage have so far been received.

CALCUTTA, July 29, (A. P. I.): An earthquake shock of moderate intensity was recorded in Calcutta at 7-12 p.m. last night. The duration was stated to be about two minutes. The epicentre is not known.

The shock was not felt in many areas of the city, and no damage was reported.

UP FOR THE Races?



Between race days, visit Poona's famous beauty spots in one of our luxurious cars.

Drive yourself or we will supply a driver.

Either way, the car is entirely yours, to come and go in as you please. Terms moderate.

Telephone or write for particulars today.

AUTO HIRERS

No. 19 National Hotel Opp. Railway Station POONA Telephone No. 9/1089

also: Pratt's Building, Hughes Road, Bombay.

PERSISTENT LONG LIQUIDATION IN STEEL SHARES

Sharp Decline In Cotton Prices On Heavy Selling

BULLION MARKET QUIETENS AFTER FIRM OPENING

BOMBAY, July 30.

The Bombay Stock Exchange was weak today on persistent selling pressure. Tata Steel Dfds. lost Rs. 57/- and Bombay Dyeings were marked down Rs. 40/-.

Cotton prices suffered a drop of Rs. 4/8 leaving now only Rs. 6/- to reach the floor level.

Friday the 1st August being "Tilak Day" the Bombay Stock Exchange will remain closed. On Thursday the market will close at 2 p.m. and thereafter all transfer budla business will be done.

The market was very quiet today with nervous selling influenced by disappointing news from Delhi in connection with raising of cloth and steel prices. The market opened low and a feeble attempt was made to harden prices but met with increased selling pressure and sharp declines were recorded in active shares.

Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 2087 and advanced at Rs. 2115 but downturned at Rs. 2072 on renewed selling pressure. Ordinary Shares opened at Rs. 410/- declined at Rs 404. Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs 1090 and rallied at Rs. 1117 but quietened at Rs. 1102/8. Kohinoors opened at Rs. 600 and recovered at Rs. 612 but declined at Rs. 600. Simplex shares opened at Rs. 344 and after fluctuating between Rs. 342 and Rs 346 steadied at Rs. 344. Swadeshi Shares opened at Rs. 622 and advanced at Rs. 629 but declined at Rs. 618.

Later on there was further selling pressure and quotations were lowered again. There was occasional short covering which brought in temporary small rallies but the market seems to have lost confidence. Tata Steel Dfds. declined at Rs 2060 and steadied at Rs. 2.062/8 Ordinary shares declined at Rs. 400/8 and Dyeings after touching Rs. 1.082 steadied at Rs. 1.090 Kohinoors after declining at Rs. 596 recovered at Rs 601 Simplex Shares were done at Rs 330 and Swadeshi came in business at Rs 615. Associated Cements declined at Rs. 172. Scindia Shares were placed at Rs. 32/6 and Central Bank Shares were quoted at Rs. 98/2 Closing tone of the market was easy

MILL SHARES

Bombay Dyeing 1090 Kohinoor 601 Swadeshi 615 Nagpur 315 Simplex 340 New Great 392 Gokak 324 Indore 632/8 Century 982/8 Colaba 255 I Bleaching 157 Swan 360 Finlay 304 Morarji 586/4 Edward 702/8 Meyer 226 Apollo 4/4 I U Ordinary 16/3 I U Dfd 3/1 Madhusudan 290 Poddar 322/8 Khatau 305

STEEL SHARES

Tata Steel Ord 401 Tata Steel Defd 2062/8 Second 165

CEMENT.

Associated Merger 171/4

INDUSTRIES

Burma 490 Bellapur 271 Shivrajpur 40 Scindia 32/6 Construction 200 Tata Chemical 15 Tata Oil 71/8 Indian Iron 35/4 Bengal Steel 28/6

ELECTRIC SHARES

Tram Ord 116 Tata Hydro 178 Andhra 1625 Power 1735

MILLS (CASH)

Elphinstone 92 Phoenix 1225 India Manufacturing 4000 Kooria 290 Dawn 1545 David 148/12 New City 235 Minerva 211/14 Bradbury 612/8 Bharucha (Dfd) 7/15 Bharat 52 Mysore 261/8 Madhavji 19 Model 198/12 Laxmi 1655 Vishnu 636/4 Western 3600 Standard 505 Sholapur 6125 Sassoon Cotton 18/8 Hindustan 4125 Tata 79 Ahmedabad Advance 447/8 Sassoon Silk 75/8 New Union 20/8 Shrinivas 400 Raja Bahadur 116/4 Berar 260 Victoria 425 Kohinoor Cpn. 71.

ELECTRIC SHARES (CASH)

Ahmedabad 156/4 (New) 120 Surat 243/12 New Prem 172/8 Karachi 162/8 Ajmer 12/14 Amalgamated 20/4 Nagpur 56/8 Poona 205 Bombay Suburban 165/10 Bombay Suburban (New) Prem 90.

BANK SHARES

Reserve 116 Imperial 2190 P P 556/4 Central X R 96/8 Coupon 21/8 India 232 Union 10/10 Baroda 169/8 Habib 169/8 Dena Bank 60 United Commercial 79 Jaipur 60/8 Hindustan Com. 48 Mysore 390 Exchange (Ord) 48 Eastern 105

INSURANCE

Oriental 5600 Empire 755 New India 80/8 Jupiter 31/4 Vulcan 15/10 Indian Mercantile 56/8 Universal Fire 18 British India General 23 Neptune 13/6 New Great 27 All-India General 32

RAILWAYS

C. P. 108/8 Mymensing 113 Guaranteed 113 Pachora 100

MISCELLANEOUS

Alcock 675 Steamer 577/8 Burma New 165 Burma Petrol 3/12 Mackenzie 165 Port Canning 76 Kemp 480 Zandu Pharmacy 202/8 Indian Investment Trust 103/8 Wimco 281/4 Dharamsey Chemical 56/8 Mukund Iron 12/2 Dena Trust 20 Alembic 310 Supreme India 180 Jamwire 113/12 Bombay Uganda 80 Bombay Motor Cycle 37 India Cement 35 Walchand Nagar Industries 325 United Motor 65 A.C.C. New 55/8 Bombay Safe Deposit 835

PREFERENCE SHARES.

Tata Steel (1st Pref.) 215 Tram 50 Andhra Valley 1395 Tata Power 1461/4 Hydro 145 Bombay Steamer 340 Nagpur 702/8 Swadeshi 146/4 Vishnu 825 Laxmi 307/8 New Great 264/12 Poddar 115 Shrinivas 101 Elphinstone 126/4 Bradbury 542/8 Surat Elec. 211/4 Premier Construction (1st Pref.) 127 (Second Pref.) 125 Amalgamated 138 Habib 72 Tata Chemical 115 Walchand Nagar Industries 250 Jupiter 18 Supreme 120 Meyer 125 Mackenzie First 127/8 Mackenzie Second 125 Ahd. Advance 150 Mysore Mill 51 Standard 100.

DEBENTURES.

Andhra 1952 (4) 103/8. B. Steamer 1959 (8) 106/12. I. Hume Pipe (6) 111. I. Hume Pipe (5/8) 105. Tata Power 1959 (8) 106/12 I Hume Pipe (6) 111. Walchandnagar (6) 117 Tata Chemical (4) 104. Acme Mfg. (6) 107. Cooper Eng. (6) 107.

OUTSIDE SHARES

Indian Copper 3/8 B.I.C. 9/8 Burma Corporation 4/11 New Victoria 5/8 New Victoria Preference 7 Raja 36 Phalton 110 Gold Mohor 340 Kaiser-i-Hind 380 Sajjan 280 Osmanshahi 315 Ajamshahi 265 Air Services 15/8 Air India 195 Birla Motor 8/12 Marshal 7/4 I Steam 15/6

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 30.

The Bullion Market remains active following the price movement in Tukda Bazar where extensive business is being done daily.

Forward silver opened today at Rs. 177/8 and declined at Rs. 177/2 but steadied at Rs. 177/4. Ready silver was quoted at a premium of one rupee at Rs. 178/4.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 110/4 and declined at Rs. 109/12 but rallied at Rs. 110/- on scattered buying. Ready Gold was placed at Rs. 110/8 and sovereigns were done at Rs. 73/8. The market finally closed as under:

	Rs.	as.	p.
Ready Silver	176	12	0
Forward Silver	176	6	0
Ready Gold	109	12	0
Forward Gold	109	6	0

BOMBAY COTTON

BOMBAY, July 30.

The local cotton market was easy today on disappointing news from Delhi stating that no change will take place in cotton cloth prices before the middle of August.

It is believed that the consensus of opinion at the Delhi conference was against any increase in the present price structure of cotton cloth and yarn and the commodities prices Board was also against any increase. The ad-hoc-committee recommended an increase of in the price of coarse varieties ranging from 12 to 20 per cent and a reduction in the price of finer varieties by 8 per cent.

So far the Government has not taken any final decision and it is generally expected that it will take over a fortnight.

This news was mainly responsible for the opening decline of about rupees three per candy. This leaves now about rupees six for the price to reach the floor level.

The market opened today at Rs. 436/8 for September delivery and declined at Rs. 436 and steadied at Rs 436/4.

Later on the market was quiet with scattered selling and September was quoted at Rs. 435/12. The market will remain closed on Friday.

The market finally closed at 4-30 p.m. as under:—

I.C.C. September	436	4	0

INDIAN COTTON PARITY.

Indian Cotton September Contract is 1671 cent points below New York October at Exchange rate 331.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES.

BOMBAY, July 29.

	Hi.	Lo.	Closing
September	441-1/2	438-1/4	440 3/4

LONDON WHEAT.

London, July 29.

Australian Wheat (bulk) F. O. B 103 July/Aug.

CHICAGO WHEAT.

CHICAGO, July 29.

September 2.22 to 2.22-1/4.
December 2.20.
March 2.19
May 2.16 to 2.15-3/4.

RECORD OF ACTUAL TRANSACTIONS IN SHARES.

BOMBAY, July 30.

MILLS.

Apollo 4/5 4/4 4/5/6 4/3 4/4
Bharat 50 52
B. Dyeing 1090 85 1100 1095 1120 1100 5 1080 90 86/4 90
Bradbury 612/8
C. India 317 15 16 12/8 16 15 16 13 15
David 148/12
E. Teytiles 705 700 2/5
Elphinstone (Ord.) 92
Finlay 307 4 9 300 4/5 4
Gokak 338 28 31 22 24
I. U. (Defd.) 3/2 3/1/6 3/2 3/1
I. U. (Ord.) 16/3 16/4 16/2 16/3
Indore 625 22/8 27/8 25 33/12 31/4 32/8 31/4 32/8
Khatau 306/4 7/8 5
Kohinoor 606 596 608 600 9 6 15 599 601 600 601
Madhusudan 275 90
Meyer 227/8 28/12 25 27/8 25 26/4
Model 198/12
New Great 398 99 96 98 90 92
New Union 20/8 20/6 20/8
Phoenix 1225
Podar 332/8 22/8
Sassoon Silk 75/8
Simplex 345 46 42 46 42 44 40 44 38 40
Swadeshi 628 21 30 18 20 14 16 15
Swan 360 55 60
Tata Mills 80 79

BANKS.

Central 97 96/8 98 96/8
Habib 169/8
Imperial (Old) 2205 2190
India 233 32
Reserve 116 15/8 16
Union 10/12 10/10
U. Commercial 79/12 79

ELECTRIC.

Ahmedabad 157/8 56/4
Andhra Valley 1622/8 25
Andhra Valley 1395
B. Tram (Ord.) 115 16 15/8 16 14/8 16/8 16
Karachi 161/4 62/8
Hydro (Pref.) 143/12 45
Hydro 176 78
Power 1727/8 45 35
New India Ass. 80 80/8
Vulcan 15/6

STEAMER.

B. Steam 575 80 77/8
Scindia 32/8 32/14 32/10 33/1 32/6

STEEL.

B. Steel 28/8 28/10 28/9 28/10 28/6
I. Iron 35/8 35/2 35/4
Tata (Defd.) 2085 92/8 80 90 85 87/8 85 2112/8 2090 95 67/8 75 70 75 62/8 67/8 60 62/8
Tata (Ord.) 407 4/8 6 5 9 5 5/8 400 1/8 1
Tata (IInd Pref.) 166 65
Jam Wire 113/12

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alfock 680 85 75
A. C. C. (Old) 173/8 74/4 73/8 74/8 71/4
A. C. C. (New) 56 55/8
Belapur 270 73 69 71
B. B. (Old) 500 4996/4 502/8 492/8 95 90
B. B. (New) 165 67/8 65
B. B. Petrol 3/12
Dharamsey 36 36/8
I. Bleaching 153 57
I. I. Trust 103/8
Port Canning 76
P. Construction 206 5 7 197 200
Shivrajpur 40 41 40
Tata Chemical 15/2 14/12 15
Tata Oil 70 72 71/8
Wimco 285 86/4 81/4

SPECIAL

Central Coupon 22 21/8
Central Bank (New) 98 99 98
Ahmedabad Elec. (New) 121/4 21/14 20
Amalgamated (Pref.) 158.

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 30

The produce market was quiet today with increased selling and long liquidation.

Groundnuts Khandesh quality were quoted at Rs. 35/8. Coromandal at Rs. 34/10 and Bold at Rs. 34/8. New Crop November-December Khandesh quality business was done at Rs. 30/12 while Bold was placed at Rs 30/6 Groundnut Oil ready Bombay Mills was quoted at Rs. 21/2. August Rs 20/12 and September Rs. 21.

Castorseeds September opened at Rs. 157 and declined at Rs. 156/4. May option opened at Rs. 139 and declined at Rs. 137/8 on general liquidation. Ready quotation was Rs 34/4 and Cawnpore Bold were quoted at Rs. 32. Castorseed Oil first quality was quoted at Rs. 23 and Commercial quality was placed at Rs. 20/6.

Linseed ready was quoted at Rs. 31 July-August delivery opened at Rs. 31/4 and declined at Rs. 30/14 while September-October opened at Rs 31 and declined at Rs. 30/10. Linseed Oil was quoted at Rs. 19/8.

Towards the close. Castorseeds September were placed at Rs. 157/2 and May was quoted at Rs. 138/10.

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE.

BOMBAY, July 30.

Tata Ordinary 401; Tata Deferred 2062/8; Indian Iron 35/4; Steel Corpn. of Bengal 28/4; Bombay Dyeing 1090; Central India 315; Gokak 323/12; Kohinoor 601/4; Simplex 340; Swadeshi 615; Tata Power 1735; Associated Cement 171/4; Belapur 271/4; Bombay Burma (Old) 490; Scindia 32/8, Central Bank 96/4; New India 80/10, Tata 2nd Pref. 165.

SALES OF TREASURY BILLS

During the week ended the 25th July Government of India Treasury Bills for Rs. 4,50,25,000/- were sold in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Wall Street Market

Increased Selling In Heavy Industries

NEW YORK, July 29.

STOCKS: The market displayed stubborn resistance to further persistent profit-taking and some short selling with many issues managing to reduce or more than eliminate the modest declines. Prices fluctuated fractions to one point either side of yesterday's closing levels with losses still slightly in the majority, support was most effective in leading papers, rails, foods, machineries, soft drinks, woollens, rubbers and oils. The averages were 184.01 and 50.26. A wave of liquidation inundated the market fairly late in the afternoon causing rapid declines up to two points or more on a fairly broad front and delaying the ticker as much as two minutes at times. Failure of support to broaden after early steadying tendencies and decline in wheat futures caused further selling which was particularly directed against heavy industry shares and rails. The decline started as price increases were being announced by some leading steel companies including Bethlehem steel and some good June railroad earnings reports. Some quarters consider the market merely reflecting the failure of rails to confirm to the new 1927 high levels set recently by the industrial average while others insist that the selling was primarily in view of the continued weakness of the London market due to the critical situation. Selling pressure subsided in late dealings but only feeble scattered rallies ensued and the market was at or around the day's lowest levels. The market finished easy.

American Telephone & Telegraph	157-1/8
Amerex Holding Co.	91-3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	37
Chase National Bank	35
Sinclair Oil	16-1/4
Firestone Tyre & Rubber Co.	51-1/2
General Electric Co.	37-1/4
General Motors	58-7/8
Ingersol Rand	123
International Nickel	31
National City Bank of New York	40-1/4
New York Central Rail Road Co.	15-1/2
Socony Vacuum Corporation	16-3/4
Texas Corporation	66-1/2
Union Carbon & Carbide	106
U. S. Smelting Refining Mining Co.	49-1/4
U. S. Steel Corporation Common	73-1/4
Western Union Telegraph	21-1/4

WORTH STREET MARKET

Decline In Cotton Checks Buying

NEW YORK, July 29, (UPA): The sharp downward reversal in raw cotton prices today acted to check buying interest in most divisions on the Worth Street Cotton Cloth Market.

The drop of more than four dollars per bale in lint prices since last week carried futures to the lowest level in two weeks and more than balanced off the effect of the recent wage increase of five cents per hour given to mill workers.

CALCUTTA SHARE BAZAR DISPLAYS WEAKER TENDENCY

CALCUTTA, July 30.

The Calcutta Stock Exchange today displayed weaker tendency all round and the volume of business was only moderate. The following are today's final transactions up to 2-00 p.m.:—

GOVT. SECURITIES: 3 per cent Loan 51/54 102/2 SL. 3 per cent Loan 63/65, 102 102/6 SL. 3 per cent Loan 1986 100 3 per cent Victory Bond 1957 102/8 SL.

BANKS: Imperial Bank Conty. 540 CT. Reserve Bank 114/8, U. C. O Bank 79.

COTTONS: Basanti 12/10, Cawnpore Textile 11/4, New Victoria 5/7.

COALS: Associated Karanpura 12/4, Bengal 600 SL, Bharat Colliery 10/6, Burrakur 31/12, South Kanapura 34, Talcher 6/9.

JUTES: Agarpara 29, Alliance 357, Auckland 352, Barnagore 277, Caltavalsan 31/8, Fort William 414 Ganges 480, Howrah 82/12, India 230, Kamarhaty 693, Kanknarrah 528, Kinnison 405, Lawrence 405, Orient 275, Presidency 8/8.

ENGINEERINGS: Indian Iron and Steel 35/13 Jessop and Co. 24/2, Kumardhubi Eng. 10/8, Marshalls 6/14, Saran Eng. 11, Steel Corpn. 28/15, Textile Machinery 11.

MISCELLANEOUS: Burma Corpn. 4/12 Consolidated Tin 2/9, Indian Copper 3/8, Tavoy Tin 1/14, Assam Bengal Cement 11/8, Dalmia Cement 12/8, Sone Valley 11, Calcutta Electric 29/14, Aluminium Corpn. 8/6, Bharat Airways 9/6, B. I. C. 9/11, Calcutta Tramway 29/6, Eastern Investment 194, F. and C. Osler 14/12, Indian Alluminium 252, Indian Cables 36/4, Indian National Airways 12/4, Jardine Henderson 195, Martin Burn 20/14, National Tobacco 46/8, Rohtas Industry 12/4, B. B. Petrol 3/11, Titaghur Paper 43/4, Midnapore Zemindary 127, Assam Saws 8/1, India Steamship 15/9.

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 30.

B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates T. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th 12th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th 9th Months.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th and 8th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 9/32 to 4th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/16 5th and 6th Months.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 7/32 7th and 9th Months.

NEW YORK & MONTREAL RATES

B. C. Rate T. T. Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 332 1/4
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 330
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 329
Montreal Rs. 328 3/4 under L/C
Banks Buying D. D. N. Y. Rs. 328 3/4
Montreal Rs. 328 1/2 but under L/C
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 3550
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 3550
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —/9
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. —
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 84.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Burma Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 100 1/2.
New York/London Cross Rate $4.02 11/16 to 4.02 13/16.
London Discts. 3 Months 17/32 p.c.
London Discts 6 Months 9/16-5/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 p.c. Bank of England Rate 2 p.c.
Money:—Call 1/4 p.c, 3 Months 1/2 p.c, 6 Months 3/4 p.c, 12 Months 1 1/4 p.c.
Tone:—Easy.

MEXICAN MONEY MARKET

MEXICO CITY, July 29, (UPA): Business on the Mexican money market moved little on Monday with Antiguos quoted at 4.11; Astecas, Hidalgos and Tejos were quoted at 4.09; silver was quoted at 1.01.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

Weekly Statement Of Affairs

The following is an Account of the Reserve Bank of India for the week ended the 25th day of July:—

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs
Notes held in the Banking Department	63,73,41,000
Notes in circulation	1193,63,24,000
Total Notes issued	1267,36,65,000
Total Liabilities	1267,36,65,000

ASSETS	Rs.
A Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,45,000
Sterling Securities	1135,32,89,000
Total of A	1179,74,34,000
B Rupee Coin	29,78,18,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	87,84,13,000
Total Assets	1267,36,65,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities:—93.086 per cent.

BANKING DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	
(1) Central Government of India	393,77,76,000
(2) Other Government Accounts	16,71,26,000
(b) Banks	102,10,68,000
(c) Others	37,46,33,000
Bills Payable	2,15,54,000
Other Liabilities	7,90,05,000
Rupees	570,11,62,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	73,73,41,000
Rupee Coin	8,30,000
Subsidiary Coin	1,38,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted:—	
Government Treasury Bills	4,97,17,000
Balances held abroad	404,99,49,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	7,61,00,000
Other Loans and Advances	32,50,000
Investments	72,56,22,000
Other Assets	5,82,15,000
Rupees	570,11,62,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, July 29

	£
Consols 2-1/2 p.c	67
Conversion Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1961	106-3/4
War Loan 3-1/2 p.c 1952 and after	102-1/2
Funding Loan 4 p.c 1960/90	113-1/2
Victory Bonds 4 p.c	114-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	11-3/8
Hongkong & Shanghai Bank (London Reg.)	115-1/2
National Bank of India	36

Constant Selling Pressure On New York Cotton Exchange

PRICES DECLINE OVER THREE DOLLARS PER BALE

NEW YORK, July 29, (U. P. A.): Moderately active trading and lower prices featured today's session of the New York Cotton Exchange. Prices dropped as much as $4.60 per bale before the final flurry of covering and investment buying which brought a feeble rally. Prices were affected by the decline in the New York and London stock markets, the weakness in grains, the pause in mill demand for spot cotton as well as favourable crop conditions, but more especially by the multiplying doubts as to whether the War Department will go through with the entire raw cotton purchase programme for Japan at the present prices. The uneasiness over the international, foreign, political and economic situation was magnified by the persistent weakness in London stocks. The drop in securities in the British market today was the widest since the fuel crisis last February. Foreign investors were said to be disturbed by the obscure outlook of the Marshall Plan for foreign aid plus the uncertainty of the British domestic economy and persistent rumours of a general election this autumn. The situation is expected to have repercussions in the plans of the British Cotton Control regarding future purchases of American cotton.

CONSTANT SELLING.

Today's session opened two to 14 lower. The market was under constant pressure until late afternoon when prices declined to maximum losses of 80 to 92 points, establishing the lowest level in spot October since July 10th. The covering movement in the final minutes had a steadying influence, but the list was still down 62 to 66 points when the final bell rang.

Unconfirmed trade gossip credited a prominent New Orleans professional with purchases last week of around 10,000 bales for October delivery. The persistent selling by Southern sources today was believed to be the partial liquidation of those holdings and the Government's parity price report issued after the close of the market showed a 42 point rise, as expected, to 28.84 cents per pound, indicating that the new loan rate would be around 28 cents per pound for middling seven-sixteenths.

STOCKS OF COTTON

The New York Cotton Exchange reported that stocks of raw cotton in the U. S. as of June 30th were down to 3,443,000 bales compared with 8,466,000 bales last year at that time and 12,000,000 bales two years ago.

The failure of the market to show the expected recovery is injecting more of a two-sided sentiment for the time being. The advance in the parity price and the technical situation could bring a brisk recovery immediately, particularly if outside news takes a more favourable turn. Long range bullish observers are still stressing the strong statistical situation and a few technicians are claiming that seldom in history has the October delivery every gone off the board at a discount below the expiration price of the pressing July delivery. They recalled that the latter position opened near the 39 cent level.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, July 29.

October	33.63—64
October Highest	34.25—26
October Lowest	33.35—40
December	33.10—12
January	32.66—69
March	32.65—68
May	32.25—45
July	31.45—65
Middling Spot	36.14—67

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, July 29.

October	33.52—56
December	33.00—05
March	32.69—74
May	32.16—69
Middling Spot	35.25—60

CHICAGO GRAINS EASY

Sharp Expansion Of Hedge Selling

CHICAGO, July 29.

Grains were active and weak reflecting sharp expansion of hedge pressure. Commission house liquidation and stop loss selling started by the additional one cent per bushel reduction in the C. C. C. wheat buying price, easiness of cash wheat premiums and favourable weather in the maize belt. Government purchased further good sized quantities of flour for export yesterday but withdrew from the market today. The C. C. C. Kansas city office bought 6,737,000 bushels of wheat between noon Saturday and noon Monday and the Chicago office purchased 3,341,000 bushels yesterday. Italy reportedly purchased 10,000 tons of Canadian new Crop rye overnight for shipment in December.

LONDON SILVER PRICE UNCHANGED

LONDON, July 29, (UPA): The price of silver remained unchanged on the London market today at 37-3/4 pence per ounce both for ready and forward.

Brokers said that the business transacted was small in a quiet and steady market.

NEW YORK SILVER QUOTED AT 61-3/4 CENTS

NEW YORK, July 29, (UPA): The price of silver was quoted on the New York market today at 61-3/4 cents per ounce, the same as on the previous day.

The volume of business transacted was reported to be small probably less than 200,000 ounces.

LONDON PEPPER PRICES

LONDON, July 29, (UPA): White pepper was quoted at 2/3-1/2 and black pepper at 1/6-1/4, on the London pepper market today. There were no buyers.

BLACK PEPPER MARKET FIRM

NEW YORK, July 29, (UPA): With the exception of white pepper which was quoted at 54 cents (asked) per pound, prices of other seeds remained unchanged on the New York market today.

Black pepper futures and spot markets maintained a firm undertone as traders watched the trend of events in the Indonesian situation. Dealers were reported to have transacted small jobbing business in spot black pepper with 35 cents per pound paid for small lots. Grinders and other consumers avoided carlot acquisitions in fear that a search for larger supplies would impart greater strength to the price situation. Muntok white was unchanged with sellers asking 54 cents per pound. Black pepper futures market closed unchanged to 200 higher with no sales reported. Closing prices: September, 31 bid; October, 31 nom., December, 30 bid; January 28 nom; March/May/July, 27 nom.

Rumania Dissolves Peasant Party

BUCHAREST, July 29, (U.P.A.): The Rumanian Cabinet today dissolved the Opposition National Peasant Party and Parliament ratified the Cabinet decision by a vote of 294 to one.

The dissolution will go into effect Wednesday, when the decree will be published in the official Gazette, upon which all Party headquarters will be sealed and their files taken over by Rumanian authorities and the Party's administrative apparatus liquidated.

It is reliably reported that Iuliu Maniu, president of the Party, will be removed from his nephew's home where he has been held incommunicable and placed under formal arrest in jail.

BEAUTY PARLOUR BLAST KILLS 2— INJURES 50

HARPISONBURG, Virginia, July 29, (U.P.A.): An explosion today in a downtown beauty parlour, rocked the town and at least two persons were reported killed and 50 injured.

The local Red Cross reported two fatalities and said that police, firemen and volunteers were searching the wreckage for possible other victims.

A hospital reported that 15 of the 50 were seriously injured.

The blast demobilised the beauty parlour and also wrecked part of an adjoining jewellery store and damaged another business house.

Police theorized that the explosion of heating gas in the rear of the building was the cause of the blast.

GOLD COAST NEEDS PROTECTION FROM FOREIGN COMPETITION

ACCRA, GOLD COAST, July 29, (Reuter): Gold Coast farmers who are producing yearly about 8,000 tons of the 12,000 tons needed by the colony believe they could treble their output, if they were protected from the fear of foreign competition particularly from Burma.

Replying to this, a Government spokesman said that such legislation could not be passed until it was proved that the colony's production could at least satisfy home demands.

Observers here, however, state that Burma will not export rice to the Gold Coast for a long time yet, if ever.

NEW DELHI, July 30, (A. P. I.): It is authoritatively stated that various rumours are afloat with regard to Baroda's sending some troops to Kathiawar. These rumours are entirely unfounded. The reason for sending the troops is to reassure the people against unruly elements disturbing the peace of the countryside on the withdrawal of the British power. There is no object whatsoever; and, as soon as settled conditions return the troops will be withdrawn.

MUTT AND JEFF—And Now There's A Big Rush In The Parks For Pigeon Pants

By BUD FISHER

WELL, JEFF, TODAY IS THE FIRST DAY OF SPRING!
IT IS NOT! IT'S JUST AS COLD AS IT WAS YESTERDAY.
NEVERTHELESS, MARCH 21ST IS THE FIRST DAY OF SPRING!
LOOK! THERE'S A RED ROBIN THAT PROVES IT!
THAT'S NOT A ROBIN, MUTT!
THAT HAPPENS TO BE A PIGEON STILL WEARING RED UNDERWEAR
?
I'VE BEEN CATCHING 'EM AND PUTTING ON THEIR LONG UNDIES TO KEEP 'EM WARM!

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD.
MINIMUM Rs. 1/8/-.
To be paid in advance.

MATRIMONIAL

A lady Graduate or M.A., for joint editorship and marriage. Apply Box No. 6640, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted a Match for a Young Bachelor highly connected and respectable Kanyakubja Brahmin in very high appointment in permanent Govt. Service in U.P. Reply to Box No. 6639, "Bombay Chronicle."

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for Apprentices in the Engineering Department from diploma holders of Kala Bhuvan Institute, or R. C. Technical Institute. Please apply stating minimum salary expected to: The Employment Officer, Calico Mills, Ahmedabad. 4641

Wanted Gujarati knowing Graduate Teacher to teach Sanskrit and Gujarati in High School Standards. Trained or qualified preferred. Apply personally to Principal, Matunga Premier School, Matunga, G.I.P. 6646.

Wanted a Motor Driver. Salary Rs. 50|- to Rs. 100|- with free quarters according to experience. Apply personally "Shantiniketan", Seven Bungalow Locality, Versowa Road, Andheri. (6644)

Wanted Graduates, experienced Matriculates, Kandivli trained and Drawing teachers. Decent start plus Rs. 25|- D.A. and interim relief. Apply to:—Shanubhai M. Patel, Hon. Secretary, M. V. Sarvajanik English School, Sursa (via Nand). 4637

Globe Employment Bureau, Agra arranges employments of every nature in India and abroad. Apply stating qualifications. 6576

If you want any kind of employment in India or abroad, apply (stating qualifications) for our "Terms"—Hastings & Co., Employment Agents, Cloth Market, Delhi. (6642)

SITUATIONS WANTED

Intelligent, Energetic, hard-working youth experienced in stores —Accounting, Type-writing, Filing and Despatching seeks job. Please contact Box No. 6643 "Bombay Chronicle."

SOCIAL

Ladies and Gents join I.H.C. Club, P.O. Asaura, Dist. Meerut (U.P.) and get "Pen Friend" mag. free for exchange of stamps, friendly correspondence, etc. 6613

Make Friends: For Hobbies, Educational, Business, Professional, Social and such other connections. Particulars from: The Universal League of Introduction, 5, Hamam St., Fort, Bombay. (6420)

BOOKS & MAGAZINE

Chamalkara Chintamani, ancient Grantha on Astrology, English Translation. Best book on Bhava Phala. Pocket size. Rs. 3-8. P. B. Book Depot, Kottayam. (6538)

MEDICAL ADLETS

Free—God's Gift Medicine for Piles. V. P. Charges annas -/10/- only. Please write in English. Menaka Debi, Shyam Villa, Bompas Town, Deoghar. 6311

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to secure Silk and Woollen Cloth order Terms Liberal and Free. Apply Western Textiles. Ludhiana. 6396

MACHINERIES FOR SALE

Modern No. 2 Universal Milling Machines now available exstock with The Western Manufacturing Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsee Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. 6513

Lancashire Boiler — For Sale Lancashire Boiler 30' x 8½' x 160 lbs. sq. in make 1917 condition excellent, with current certificate. Also Feed pump, Superheater, Economiser. Contact Western Mfg. Co., Hassan Chambers, Parsi Bazar St., Fort, Bombay. (6587)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale 700 leather covered plywood suit cases in sizes 30" to 10" grained as well as plain in dark and light brown shade fitted with English and American locks. Also 2,500 pairs of footwares in latest design consisting of sandals, slippers, half shoes, Punjabis, Shoes etc. Communicate to the Cochin Cottage Industries Co-operative Marketing Society Ltd., Trichur Cochin State. (4659)

Aluminium Sheets 20 Gauge for Sale near Bombay offers invited Traders Combination, Ishwar Nagar, Delhi. (6617)

Medical and Student Microscopes (Bausch and lamb American) available for immediate sale from the New India Scientific Works, Bank Square, Lahore. 6615

Superior Mango, lichi and other fruit grafts ready Plantation recommended. Season suitable catalogue free Green Nursery. Muzaffarpore (B). 6471

Available ex-Stock American Electric Gramophones from Rs. 180/- Fluorescent tubes and reflectors Electric lamps all standard voltages and types from 15 watt to 1000 watts, C.T.S. cables all sizes, good discounts for quantities. Apply Box No. 3985, "Bombay Chronicle".

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

STOCK RETURNS OF YARN FOR THE QUARTER ENDING 31ST JULY 1947.

UNDER the Bombay Cotton Yarn Trade Regulation Order 1946, the Stock returns are due for submission on or before the 10th August, 1947, in respect of the quarter ending 31st July 1947. This return is to be submitted in form No. IV appended to the Bombay Cotton Yarn Trade Regulation Order, 1946, to the Provincial Textile Controller, 6-A, Cooperage, Fort, Bombay. Returns should be submitted for single and folded yarns separately as prescribed in that form. IF NO BUSINESS HAS BEEN DONE BLANK RETURNS SHOULD BE SUBMITTED. Licence holders are requested to see that the returns are submitted in time.

J. K. THAKORE,
Provincial Textile,
Controller, Bombay.
Bombay, 31st July, 1947. 4656

UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY
DEPARTMENT OF CHEMICAL TECHNOLOGY

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the post of Singhanee Lecturer in Fuel Technology in the scale of Rs. 200-20-400-25-500.

Six type-written copies of the application made on the prescribed form, together with six copies of testimonials should be forwarded so as to reach the Registrar, University of Bombay, Bombay 1, on or before the 29th September, 1947.

Further details and forms of application can be had from the undersigned.

S. R. DONGERKERY,
University Registrar.
Bombay, 29th July, 1947. (4655)

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the posts of Staff Nurses and Student Nurses with the following qualifications for the Main Hospital, The Tata Iron & Steel Co. Ltd., Jamshedpur.

STAFF NURSES:
Fully qualified in general Nursing and Midwifery. Starting basic pay Rs. 50/- in the scale of Rs. 50-5-80-10-120 plus uniform allowance of Rs. 30/- per annum, dearness allowance of Rs. 3/12/- p.m. and emergency bonus of Rs. 5/- per month, totalling to Rs. 61-4-0, besides free boarding and lodging in the Nurses Hostel. Senior Certificated Staff Nurses are eligible for consideration for a higher starting pay in the scale.

STUDENT NURSES:
Either Matriculates or Senior Cambridge. Three years course plus one year service in the hospital after qualifying. Starting basic pay Rs. 35/- in the scale of Rs. 35-3-50, plus an uniform allowance of Rs. 30/- per annum, dearness allowance of Rs. 3-12-0 p. m. and emergency bonus of Rs. 5/- per month, totalling to Rs. 46/4/- p. m., besides free boarding and lodging provided in the Nurses Hostel.

Leave, Provident Fund, Profit-sharing Bonus are admissible in accordance with the Company's Rules.

Applications with three recent copies of testimonials, stating age, qualifications and experience should reach the NURSING SUPERINTENDENT, Main Hospital The Tata Iron & Steel Co., Ltd., Jamshedpur, on or before the 25th August, 1947. 4649

NOTICE.

Wanted a QUALIFIED TEACHER preferably B.A., B.T., to take charge of a small School in a Labour Colony of an Industrial concern in Central India. Apply stating qualifications, experience and starting salary required to Box No. 4647, "Bombay Chronicle".

NOTICE

SEALED TENDERS are invited for the supply to the Madras Government of new Chassis with bus bodies, fitted with petrol or diesel oil engine and having seating capacity for 24 to 36 passengers. Delivery should be in Madras. The tenders should give (1) detailed specifications, (2) particulars of cost separately for chassis, body, freight, insurance and customs duty, and (3) information as to the number of vehicles that could be supplied before 31-10-47 and thereafter. The tenders should be sent so as to reach the undersigned on or before the 10th August, 1947.

TRANSPORT COMMISSIONER,
Government of Madras.
Chepauk, Madras. (4636)

MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted Influential firms and Individuals for introducing latest type of Inter-Communicating System with unusual features and dependability on handsome (attractive) terms. Full facilities for demonstration installation and conveyance given. Please contact: Universal Electronic Industries, Advani Chambers, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road. Bombay 4495

Wanted Firms and Individuals connected with Native states all over India for Introducing a latest and very useful Electrical Novelty by a well established firm on very handsome terms. Please contact: Universal Electronic Industries, Advani Chambers, Sir Phirozeshah Mehta Road, Bombay. 4495A

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

STOCK RETURNS OF CLOTH FOR THE QUARTER ENDING JULY 31, 1947.

THE ABOVE MENTIONED return is due from all the holders of Cloth Licences by August 10, 1947. It is to be submitted in the prescribed form to the Provincial Textile Controller, 6-A, Cooperage, Fort, Bombay, so far as licences in Bombay City and Bombay Suburban District are concerned and to the District Magistrates concerned elsewhere.

The statement should be duly signed by the owner(s) or the person(s) authorised to sign on his their behalf.

Class of licence and the licence No. should be given on the stock return.

Even if there is no stock to report on July 31, 1947, the statement in the prescribed form with remark 'nil' must be submitted.

Failure to submit returns renders a dealer liable to action.

J. K. THAKORE,
Provincial Textile Controller,
Bombay.
Bombay, 31st July, 1947. (4657)

AUCTION SALES

AUCTION SALE OF BIG LOTS OF GLASSWARE, GLASS BOTTLES, CHEMICALS & MACHINERY, ETC.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver as Receiver in Suit No. 915 of 1946. (Messrs. Purshotamdas Mathuradas & Co., Ltd., vs. Abdul Gafur and others) M/s. BENNETT & CO. will today THURSDAY the 31st July, 1947, at 3-30 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at Bellasis Road Junction at Mohamedbhai Ravji Building Shop No. 20.

Big lots of glasses, jars, glass bottles, chemicals, machinery stoppers, etc.

Terms: 25% Cash Deposit. Cheque will not be accepted. On view from 29th inst.

BENNETT & CO.

Hot and sticky, can't keep dry; People quickly pass you by. In your bath each morn and night, A little Scrubb's will put that right.

By appointment to His Majesty King George VI

Scrubb's Cloudy Ammonia has hundreds of uses. It softens hard water; saves soap; time and labour.

SCRUBB'S
cloudy ammonia
AT ALL CHEMISTS
Sole Agents for India:-
GEOFFREY MANNERS & CO. LTD.

Cuticura

SOAP
Cuticura Soap is a unique combination of Medical and Toilet properties. It revives a dry skin in an amazing manner making it smooth and supple as velvet.
ANTISEPTIC MEDICINAL

AIR SERVICES OF INDIA LTD.
THE SCINDIA LINE
BOMBAY-Gwalior—DELHI
Tues., Thurs., Sat.
Return Mon., Wed., Fri.
BOMBAY, Cawnpore, LUCKNOW
Tuesdays return Fridays
Freight Space available
SCINDIA STEAM NAV. CO., LTD.
Phones: 21919, 25744, 86236
Telegrams: "AIRTAXIES"

INDIA'S FAVOURITE FOUNTAIN PEN VALUE
L. D. Seymour & Co. (India), Ltd.
Exclusive Sales Representative
Bombay • Calcutta • Karachi • Madras

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE
BRAND NEW
800 Gallons Steel Tanks, Oil or Water or for Petrol.
BRAND NEW
Gallons Galvanised Tanks
BRAND NEW
2 inches Hand Rotary Pumps.
For Further Details:
THE NATIONAL GARAGE LTD.
Warden Road, Bombay 26.

ALLAHABAD BANK
LIMITED
ESTABLISHED 1865
Affiliated to the Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China
Authorised Capital Rs. 1,00,00,000
Subscribed Capital Rs. 60,00,000
Reserve Fund Rs. 1,00,00,000
Over Eighty Years' experience of Indian conditions is at the disposal of the Bank's constituents
Branches and Correspondents throughout India and Agents in all the principal cities of the world
HEAD OFFICE
6 & 7, Royal Exchange Place, CALCUTTA
BOMBAY OFFICES
39, Apollo Street and 232/34, Kalbadevi Road
AHMEDABAD OFFICE
Pankore Naka
W. LOTHIAN BROWN
General Manager
AB. 28

FLY- KASHMIR
Seats available Chartered Dakota from Bombay about 2-8-47 and at interval throughout season.
Return seats available at Rs. 550/-
60 lbs. free baggage
KANJI JADHAVJEE & CO.,
Phone: 25744. 22484 Mandvi, Bomtay.

IN INDIA'S GREAT CITIES and every tiny village
'ASPRO'
is welcomed as
THE FAMILY MEDICINE
As a tried and trusted friend—THE HEALTH PROTECTOR FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY. That is how 'ASPRO' has been greeted on its return to every city and tiny village throughout India.
The whole world knows the soothing, healing service 'ASPRO' renders. Many need no longer suffer pain or illness. For NATURE MEANS YOU TO BE WELL and 'ASPRO' is here to give Nature the help she sometimes needs in times of emergency. Millions have experienced the truly remarkable way 'ASPRO' SOOTHES PAIN, HEADACHES, NEURALGIA, RHEUMATISM IN A FLASH—DISPELS FEVER, COLDS AND 'FLU IN ONE NIGHT. Yet 'ASPRO' is so pure and safe that you can use it even for children's ailments.
So cast aside harmful drugs—refuse worthless imitations. MAKE SURE YOU GET GENUINE 'ASPRO'. If your local medicine dealer has not received stocks of 'ASPRO' please let us know. We will make sure he is quickly supplied.
MAN, WOMAN AND CHILD CAN DISPEL PAIN AND FEVER WITH 'ASPRO'
'ASPRO' DOES NOT HARM THE HEART OR STOMACH
THE PERSON WHO CAN READ AND TELLS THOSE WHO CANNOT READ, PERFORMS A USEFUL AND GENEROUS SERVICE TO HIS FELLOW MAN.
MAKE SURE YOU GET GENUINE 'ASPRO'

WHAT 'ASPRO' DOES
Stops HEADACHES in 5 minutes.
Relieves RHEUMATISM in one night.
Reduces FEVER in few minutes.
Stops TOOTHACHE and NEURALGIA at once.
Soothes AWAY ACHES and PAINS.
Brings SWEET SLEEP to the sleepless.
Soothes AWAY IRRITABILITY.
Stops WOMAN'S PAINS.
As a gargle it dispels SORE THROATS.
Breaks up COLDS and INFLUENZA.
Quickest remover of DENGUE FEVER.
Gets rid of EPIDEMIC COMPLAINTS.
BANISHES COLDS & 'FLU
EVERY 'ASPRO' TABLET IS PROTECTED AGAINST DAMPNESS, DIRT AND DETERIORATION BY THE WONDERFUL 'SEALTITE' WRAPPING
REFUSE ALL IMITATIONS
SOLD EVERYWHERE.
Distributors:
J. L. MORISON, SON & JONES (INDIA) LTD.
P. O. BOX 258, BOMBAY
('Phone: 30958)
and Branches

BAD BREATH —ME?

76% of all adults have bad breath!
Scientific tests *prove beyond doubt* that, in 7 cases out of 10 COLGATE TOOTH POWDER quickly stops oral bad breath!
SAVE MONEY! Compared to other leading brands, a large tin of Colgate gives you up to *30 more brushings*, a giant tin up to *46 more brushings*... for not a penny more!
SMOKERS! Colgate Tooth Powder is one of the easiest ways to guard against tobacco stain and tobacco breath! Get Colgate today.
COLGATE TOOTH POWDER
Get Colgate today!

CLEANS BREATH AS IT CLEANS TEETH

Flavour FIRST

When selecting Mangoes, one automatically chooses a "Langra" or an "Alphonse" — because of its Perfection in Flavour.
As with Mangoes — so with tea — Flavour First — that's why Planters Tea is everyone's choice — it's the Peak of Perfection in Flavour.
PLANTERS
HIGH-GROWN Nilgiri TEA
For Flavour

The Planters Company, Ltd., Coonoor, Nilgiris, S. India.

Printed and published for the Bombay Chronicle Co Ltd., by ISRAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay.